

Law of Georgia

About general education

Chapter I. General Provisions

Article 1. Georgian legislation in the field of general education and the scope of application of this law

1. The legislation of Georgia in the field of general education shall consist of the Constitution of Georgia, the Constitutional Treaty, international treaties and agreements, this Law, other laws and subordinate acts.

2. This law regulates the conditions for the implementation of general education activities in Georgia, the principles and rules for the management and financing of general education, establishes the status of all general education institutions (regardless of their organizational and legal form), the rules for their establishment, activities, reorganization, liquidation and authorization, as well as the conditions and rules for conducting the activities of teachers of general education institutions.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Law of Georgia No. 1465 of March 30, 2022 – Website, 06.04.2022. (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 2. Definition of Terms

The terms used in this law have the following meanings:

a) Authorization – the procedure for obtaining the status of a general education institution, the purpose of which is to ensure that the standards necessary for the implementation of relevant activities are met in order to issue a state document confirming general education;

A¹) (removed - 30.03.2022, No. 1465) (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;);

A²) (removed - 30.03.2022, No. 1465) (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;);

b) Individual work – in addition to the lessons (hours) established by the school curriculum, the teacher's work with a student/group of students to achieve the goals of the national curriculum;

B¹) Director's Code of Ethics – a set of rules of conduct for the director;

B²) Distance learning – a learning process or part thereof based on information and communication technologies, organized in a Georgian general education institution for the purpose of obtaining general education and/or mastering a subject/subject group provided for in the national curriculum, conducted remotely/electronically or using other means of communication, which does not require the simultaneous presence of a student and the staff of the general education institution in a specific location. In order to implement distance learning, it is necessary to properly plan the curriculum and use appropriate approaches and methods for organizing and conducting the learning process;

c) Disciplinary misconduct – violation of the rules specified in the internal regulations of a general educational institution;

d) Disciplinary prosecution – a set of measures taken by a general educational institution, the purpose of which is to reveal a disciplinary offense committed by a student or teacher;

e) Disciplinary penalty: the extent of the impact provided for a disciplinary offense as determined by the internal regulations of the general educational institution;

E¹) (removed - 20.09.2018, No. 3439) (/ka/document/view/4328737#DOCUMENT:1;);

f) National Curriculum – a document that includes learning goals and achievable outcomes (skills, knowledge and values) for all levels of general education, teaching content, hourly distribution of subjects, conditions for organizing the learning environment, conceptual principles of the learning process and administrative issues;

g) Additional educational services provided by the National Curriculum – services provided by public schools within the maximum number of hours in subjects specified in the school curriculum and provided by the National Curriculum;

h) Additional educational and educational services not provided for in the national curriculum – educational and educational services provided by public schools in subjects defined by the school curriculum, educational and not provided for in the national curriculum;

i) National Assessment System – a system through which the state verifies whether students' achievements correspond to the achievement levels established by the national curriculum and whether it is realistic to overcome these levels;

j) External - the procedure for obtaining a state document certifying general education by a person who has independently mastered general education programs;

k) Voucher – a financial instrument intended to finance a student's general education;

m) General education – education aimed at educating a citizen of Georgia and preparing him for professional and social life after general education. The learning outcomes of the basic level of general education correspond to the generalized learning outcomes defined for level 2 of the National Qualifications Framework, while the learning outcomes of the secondary level of general education/complete general education correspond to the generalized learning outcomes defined for level 4 of the National Qualifications Framework. Complete general education in Georgia covers 12 years;

n) Document on National Goals of General Education – a document that, in accordance with this Law, defines the goals of the general education system in the country. The document on national goals of general education is the basis for developing the national curriculum and key indicators of the general education system. The document on national goals of general education is adopted by the Government of Georgia upon the recommendation of the Minister of Education, Science and Youth of Georgia (hereinafter referred to as the Minister) and submitted to the Parliament of Georgia for approval;

n) Levels of general education – in Georgia, complete general education has three levels: primary (6 years), basic (3 years) and secondary (3 years);

[n) Levels of general education – 3 levels of complete general education in Georgia: primary (6 years – grades I–VI), basic (4 years – grades VII–X) and secondary (2 years – grades XI and XII); **(to be effective from July 1, 2025)]**

p) General education system – a set of national and school curricula, general education institutions implementing them, state bodies and legal entities under public law that ensure general education;

p) General educational institution/school:

a) A legal entity under public law or a private law entrepreneurial or non-entrepreneurial (non-commercial) legal entity authorized by the Minister in accordance with the procedure determined by the Minister, which carries out general educational activities in accordance with the National Curriculum and fully covers at least one level of general education;

(b) Article 34 of this Law ¹(b) An institution implementing a general education program as provided for in Article

1) General education program recognized abroad - a general education program that is recognized by an authorized institution of a foreign country with which the legal entity of public law - the National Center for the Development of Educational Quality - has signed an agreement ;

r) Administrative and financial autonomy of a general educational institution – self-government of a general educational institution, the subjects of which in a public school are: the board of trustees, the management, the pedagogical council, the student self-government, the disciplinary committee, as well as the appeal committee – if any;

(removed - 17.03.2006, №2793 (/ka/document/view/25954#)) (/ka/document/view/25954#));

(t) (removed - 30.03.2022, No. 1465) (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;);

u) Inclusive education - an equally accessible educational process, within the framework of which all students are ensured access to education taking into account their individual educational needs and abilities;

f) Capital expenditures – payables, the purpose of which is the acquisition of capital assets, strategic and special supplies, goods, land, intangible assets, the acquisition of buildings, machinery, equipment, transportation and other fixed assets, capital repairs, construction and reconstruction;

v) Private school – a general educational institution established as a legal entity under private law;

g) Class – a temporary unity of students of a general education institution, maintained for at least one academic year, which is formed according to the recommendations given in the national curricula and the statutes of this institution, and in which the students united mainly study general education programs of any level of general education together;

ღ¹) Teacher – a person with professional knowledge, skills and relevant qualifications as defined by the teacher's professional standard, who teaches at least one subject in a general education institution; special teacher;

ღ²) Teacher's Code of Professional Ethics – a set of norms of professional conduct for teachers;

ღ³) Teacher's professional standard – a list of professional obligations, knowledge, skills and values, as well as qualifications, which must be met by teachers of all positions provided for in Article 21 ² of this Law;

ღ⁴) Teacher candidate – a person who has at least a bachelor's degree in a subject/subject group provided for in the national curriculum and/or a document certifying professional education in arts or sports (in the case of a teacher of arts or sports subject/subject group) and who, based on the needs of the general education institution, has been employed in a general education institution for no more than 2 years;

ღ⁵) Mobility of students in a general education institution – free movement of students to participate in the educational process both in Georgia and abroad, in accordance with the legislation of Georgia and the rules established by the general education institution , which is accompanied by the recognition of education and assessments received during the period of study;

ღ⁶) (removed - 28.11.2014, №2822 (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)));

ღ⁷) Teacher Professional Development and Career Advancement Scheme – a scheme for continuous professional development of teachers approved by the Government of Georgia in accordance with this Law, which is based on the teacher's professional standard and determines the conditions for the inclusion of teachers in this scheme, the ways and means of teacher evaluation, professional development and career advancement;

8) Student – a person who is enrolled in a general educational institution in accordance with the rules established by the legislation of Georgia;

ღ⁹) Guest teacher - a person (except for a foreign guest teacher) who, without being included in the teacher's professional development and career advancement scheme, teaches a subject included in or not included in the national curriculum in a general education institution, whose workload does not exceed 50 percent of the teaching hours specified by the legislation of Georgia for the full workload of a teacher, and who has the necessary competence to teach the relevant subject and/or practical experience in the relevant field;

ღ¹⁰) Substitute teacher - a person replacing a temporarily absent teacher who has at least a bachelor's degree in a subject/subject group provided for by the national curriculum and who, without being included in the teacher's professional development and career advancement scheme, teaches subjects provided for or not provided for by the national curriculum in a general education institution in the event that, due to the needs of the general education institution, it is impossible to replace the temporarily absent teacher with another teacher from the same general education institution who meets the requirements established by the Minister for a teacher invited;

ღ¹¹) Foreign guest teacher - a citizen of a foreign country whose right to teach is recognized on the basis of the rule specified in subparagraph "s 2 " of paragraph 1 of Article 26 of this Law and who, without being included in the teacher's professional development and career advancement scheme, teaches a subject included in or not included in the national curriculum in a general education institution and who has the necessary competence to teach the relevant subject and/or practical experience in the relevant field;

(k) Individualized curriculum - a curriculum created by adapting the national curriculum, taking into account the special educational needs of a student, and which is part of the school curriculum;

1) Student Code of Conduct – a set of rules for student behavior

2) Alternative curriculum - a curriculum based on the basic principles of the National Curriculum, which is intended for students with severe/profound intellectual and/or multiple disabilities or multiple sensory impairments (deaf and blind) and is part of the National Curriculum ;

3) Extended curriculum – a curriculum that is focused on strengthening specific competencies determined by the educational needs of a student with sensory impairment and is part of the national curriculum ;

4) Specialized class – a class of students of the same age or with no more than a 3-year age difference, with homogeneous educational needs ;

5) Integrated class - a group ^{of} students with homogeneous educational needs, enrolled in different classes, of the same age or with an age difference of no more than 3 years;

(h) Parent – the parent or legal representative of a student;

1) A guardian of an educational institution - a capable citizen of Georgia with appropriate education, no criminal record, who ensures the protection of security and public order in an educational institution ;

Sh ²) (removed - 13.06.2018, No. 2523) (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;);

(h) Small-enrollment school – a school in which, due to local conditions, a small number of students study. The norms for small-enrollment schools are established by the Ministry of Education, Science and Youth of Georgia (hereinafter referred to as the Ministry);

1) Multilingual education – education aimed at developing and deepening students' linguistic competences in different languages. It implies the organization of such teaching in the general education system that will increase the effectiveness of the study and use of these languages;

Ch2 Student with special educational needs - a student who requires additional support in the learning process, has significant, prolonged difficulties related to learning and/or accessibility to the learning environment and/or is unable to meet the requirements set out in the National Curriculum at a minimum level, as well as a student who is a person with disabilities as defined by the Law of Georgia "On the Rights of Persons with Disabilities", who requires additional support in the learning process, has significant, prolonged difficulties related to learning and/or accessibility to the learning environment and/or is unable to meet the requirements set out in the National Curriculum at a minimum level;

Ch ³) Psychoeducational assessment and counseling – a service provided by the Mandatory Service of a legal entity under public law – an educational institution, within the framework of which, in order to determine/identify the special educational needs of a person/student, an assessment of this person/student is carried out, the best form of education is selected, and consulting services related to the educational process are provided;

Ch ⁴) removed - 29.11.2019, No. 5406);

Ch ⁵) Social worker – a social worker of the school resource officer's service of a legal entity under public law – an educational institution;

6) Boarding service – offering day/round-the-clock service by a school/resource school of a category determined by the Minister, which includes providing students with living conditions, meals, and additional programs/services ;

Ch ⁷) Resource School:

Ch ⁷ .a) A school intended for students with sensory and/or severe/profound intellectual and/or multiple disabilities or multiple sensory impairments (deaf and blind) or behavioral and emotional disorders, which implements general educational activities in accordance with the National Curriculum, as well as provides students with special educational needs, parents and teachers with appropriate programs/services;

Ch ⁷ .b) A school that implements general education activities in accordance with the National Curriculum, fully covers the basic level and/or secondary level of general education and implements enhanced teaching of one or more subjects provided for by the National Curriculum;

8) Transition – a process tailored to the needs of a person and effectively coordinated, which involves the entry of a school - age person into school and the mobility of a student to another school, which is carried out in cooperation with the parties involved in this process and serves the successful inclusion of the person/student in the educational process;

(removed - 02.03.2007 , No. 4412) (/ka/document/view/23476#) ;

(d) Pedagogical activities – the teacher's lesson and additional individual and group work with students;

t) Piloting – testing the reality of the goals of the National Curriculum and the means of achieving these goals in schools;

1) (removed - 28.11.2014, No. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;) 2822) ; (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

(h) School time – the time during which the process defined by the school curriculum, as well as any event initiated, organized, controlled, or financed by the school, takes place;

x) School curriculum – a curriculum that is based on the national curriculum and defines intermediate learning objectives, basic and additional educational resources, hourly workload, assessment tools, additional educational services provided for by the national curriculum, additional educational services and tutoring services not provided for by the national curriculum, transition support activities and school educational activities for a specific general education institution;

j) Public school – a general educational institution established as a legal entity under public law;

J ¹) (removed - 28.11.2014, No. 2822 (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)) ;

J ²) (removed - 28.11.2014, No. 2822 (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)) ;

h) School management – the school principal, his/her deputy(s) and accounting;

H ¹) School Pedagogical Council – a self-governing body of school teachers;

H ²) School Board of Trustees – the highest elected body of school self-government;

X3) Non-^{contact} surface search - a search of a student using a metal detector by a same-sex school principal, or in his/her absence - by an authorized person of the same sex designated by the school principal , without physical contact and/or a search of an item using a metal detector;

H ⁴) Sufficient basis for assumption – a fact and/or information that would satisfy an objective observer, taking into account the circumstances, to draw a conclusion.

H ⁵) Distance learning course of the teacher training educational program - a training process approved by the Minister or a part thereof, which a person can complete remotely. The said course is provided by a legal entity under public law - the National Center for Teacher Professional Development and/or a higher educational institution;

X ⁶) Specialized Commission – a specialized commission established by the Minister of Culture of Georgia, consisting of experts in the relevant field, specialists and persons determined by the Ministry of Culture of Georgia, which, in accordance with the rules established by the same Minister, develops a manual/series based on a monument of national significance or a monument of intangible cultural heritage included in the Representative List of the Intangible Heritage of Humanity and submits it for approval. This commission is also authorized to determine the compliance of alternative manuals/series created on the basis of a monument of national significance or a monument of intangible cultural heritage included in the Representative List of the Intangible Heritage of Humanity with the aforementioned monument.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 4530 of March 28, 2007 - JSC I, No. 15, 23.04.2007, Art. 119 (/ka/document/view/23620#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 (/ka/document/view/92068#)

Law of Georgia No. 3292 of July 2, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 37, 14.07.2010, Art. 223 (/ka/document/view/92668#)

Law of Georgia No. 3544 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 46, 04.08.2010, Art. 291 (/ka/document/view/93022#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of February 22, 2011 – website, 10.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1232873#)

Law of Georgia No. 4321 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246930#)

Law of Georgia No. 4322 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246950#)

Law of Georgia No. 5513 of December 20, 2011 - website, 28.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1541606#)

Law of Georgia No. 5666 of December 28, 2011 - website, 12.01.2012. (/ka/document/view/1558947#)

Law of Georgia No. 173 of December 27, 2012 – website, 08.01.2013. (/ka/document/view/1814305#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 - website, 29.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 – website, 10.08.2018. (/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3439 of September 20, 2018 – website, 05.10.2018. (/ka/document/view/4328737#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3443 of September 20, 2018 – website, 09.10.2018. (/ka/document/view/4330820#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 4524 of April 19, 2019 – website, 24.04.2019. (/ka/document/view/4539328#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 5406 of November 29, 2019 – website, 10.12.2019. (/ka/document/view/4706009#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 6286 of June 12, 2020 – website, 15.06.2020. (/ka/document/view/4890677#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 6829 of July 14, 2020 – website, 28.07.2020. (/ka/document/view/4911348#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 1353 of February 1, 2022 – website, 08.02.2022. (/ka/document/view/5325464#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 1465 of March 30, 2022 – Website, 06.04.2022. (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2250 of December 1, 2022 – Website, 14.12.2022. (/ka/document/view/5625220#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3663 of November 15, 2023 – Website, 05.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5965473#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3825 of November 30, 2023 – Website, 15.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5983226#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3959 of December 15, 2023 – Website, 25.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/6002206#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 4372 of July 18, 2024 – website, 30.07.2024. (/ka/document/view/6227469#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 83 of December 12, 2024 - Website, 28.12.2024. (/ka/document/view/6366279#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 3. Main goals of state policy in the field of general education

1. The main goals of state policy in the field of general education in Georgia are:

a) Creating the necessary conditions for the student to develop into a free person with national and universal human values;

b) Developing the student's mental and physical skills, providing them with the necessary knowledge, establishing a healthy lifestyle, forming civic awareness based on liberal-democratic values, promoting the student's respect for cultural values, and promoting awareness of rights and responsibilities towards the family, society, state, and environment.

2. In order to achieve the goals set forth in paragraph 1 of this Article, the State shall ensure:

a) openness and equal access to general education for all throughout life;

b) Inclusion of the Georgian general education system in the international educational space;

c) the independence of public schools from religious and political associations, and the independence of private schools from political associations;

d) Establishing systems for national assessments, development and implementation of the national curriculum, which implies planning and management of the general education process through the determination and evaluation of the quality of teaching;

e) conducting the authorization process of general education institutions and promoting the continuous development of the quality of general education;

f) administrative and financial autonomy of general education institutions;

g) Elimination of violence in general educational institutions;

h) introduction of inclusive education;

i) Regulation of the teaching profession.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 1465 of March 30, 2022 – Website, 06.04.2022. (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 4. Language of instruction

1. The language of instruction in general education institutions is Georgian, and in the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia – Georgian or Abkhazian.

2. In the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia, in general education institutions where teaching is conducted in one of the state languages, teaching of the second state language is mandatory.

3. Citizens of Georgia for whom Georgian is not their native language have the right to receive full general education in their native language, in accordance with the national curriculum, in accordance with the procedure established by law. In this general educational institution, teaching of the state language is mandatory, and in the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia – both state languages.

4. In cases provided for by international treaties and agreements of Georgia, it is possible for education in a general educational institution to be conducted in a foreign language. In this general educational institution, teaching of the state language is mandatory, and in the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia – both state languages

4¹. Teaching in a foreign language is permitted in a general education institution provided for in subparagraph “j.b” of Article 2 of this Law, in agreement with the Ministry. In this case, teaching of the state language, Georgian, is mandatory, and in the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia, also Abkhazian is mandatory.

5. In a general education institution, if necessary, Georgian Sign Language and the principles of bilingual education shall be used as the language of instruction for a student with hearing impairment, while in a general education institution where only students with hearing impairment receive education, the use of Georgian Sign Language and/or the principles of bilingual education shall be mandatory.

6. In a general education institution, if necessary, the Braille system and/or appropriate assistive technologies shall be used with a student with visual impairment, and in a general education institution where only students with visual impairment receive education, the use of the Braille system and/or appropriate assistive technologies shall be mandatory.

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 5. National Curriculum

1. In order to achieve the goals set forth in Article 3 of this Law, the state shall develop a national curriculum that defines: learning and teaching goals, knowledge to be acquired in each subject, and educational principles on which the teaching and learning methodology and assessment system should be based, as well as the necessary subject groups according to the levels of general education, hours by subject, their distribution and necessary workload, conditions and recommendations for organizing the learning environment.

1¹. For a student with special educational needs, if necessary, the general education institution will develop an individual curriculum based on the National Curriculum.

1². When teaching students with severe/profound intellectual and/or multiple disabilities or multiple sensory impairments (deaf and blind), the general education institution, based on the conclusion of the psycho-educational assessment, is guided by the relevant parts of the National Curriculum, including the alternative curriculum and/or the expanded curriculum, including the sensory curriculum and/or the accelerated learning curriculum.

1³. In order to strengthen the specific competencies of a student with a sensory impairment, if necessary, the general education institution also uses the expanded curriculum defined by the National Curriculum.

2. (Removed - 29.06.2018, No. 2753) (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;).

3. The National Curriculum includes the following subject groups:

- a) State language;
- b) Mathematics;
- c) foreign languages;
- d) Social Sciences;
- e) Natural sciences;
- f) Technologies;
- g) aesthetic education;
- h) Sports.

4. Subject groups provided for in subparagraphs “a” and “d” of paragraph 3 of this Article shall be taught in Georgian in general education institutions where teaching is carried out in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 4 of this Law, and in the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia – in Georgian and/or Abkhazian.

5. Implementation of the National Curriculum is mandatory for all general education institutions and educational institutions implementing secondary vocational education programs that integrate the learning outcomes of the secondary level of general education.

6. The teaching of subjects included in the national and school curricula must be academic, objective, and non-discriminatory.

7. The National Curriculum may provide for a modified National Curriculum and/or the possibility of modifying the National Curriculum:

a) according to the types of general educational institutions provided for in Article 311 of this Law ;

b) In order to integrate the learning outcomes of the secondary level of general education into the secondary vocational education program.

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3443 of September 20, 2018 – website, 09.10.2018. (/ka/document/view/4330820#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3663 of November 15, 2023 – Website, 05.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5965473#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 6. General education

1. Receiving a complete general education implies:

a) Completion of the secondary level of general education, on the basis of which a document certifying complete general education is issued;

b) Completion of a secondary vocational education program that integrates the learning outcomes of the secondary level of general education, and confirmation of this in accordance with the procedure established by the Ministry, on the basis of which a document certifying secondary vocational education is issued - a diploma, which is equivalent to a document certifying complete general education.

1¹. (Retrieved - 08.04.2019, No. 4495) (/ka/document/view/4530427#DOCUMENT:1;).

1². The Ministry shall approve the sample of the state document certifying general education and the procedure for confirming the results of secondary general education achieved by a vocational student within the framework of the secondary vocational education program in which the results of secondary general education are integrated.

2. Accelerated completion of a general education program is permitted only in special cases, taking into account the individual abilities of the student, in accordance with the rules established by the Ministry.

3. Upon request of a student or his/her parent, the general education institution is obliged to issue a certificate confirming the completion of the subjects by the student according to the form developed by the Ministry.

4. It is not permissible to leave a student outside the general education system before they have completed the basic level.

5. Persons with a document confirming completion of any level of general education have the right to continue their studies at the next level of general education throughout the entire territory of Georgia.

5¹. If a person with special educational needs does not have an educational history or has missed a class/classes for certain reasons, based on the conclusion of a psycho-educational assessment, this person has the right to enroll in a school without an external tutor in the appropriate age class at the primary or basic level of general education or in a class no more than 3 grades lower. A person with special educational needs over the age of 18 is enrolled in a school in the appropriate class at the basic level of general education determined by the conclusion of a psycho-educational assessment.

5². Enrollment and re-evaluation of a person with special educational needs in a resource school, as provided for in Article 2, Subparagraph "C^{7.a}" of this Law, for the purpose of continuing their studies in a public school, shall be carried out on the basis of the conclusion of a psycho-educational assessment and the consent of the parent/legal representative of this person.

6. The age for starting primary education is 6 years, which a person turns 6 years old on or before the start of the school year specified in Article 7, paragraph 1 of this Law. In addition, a person who turns 6 years old on or before December 31, the day following the start of the school year, has the right to voluntarily start primary education by parental decision.

6¹. General education program(s) implemented in a foreign language at the primary, basic and secondary levels of general education (including in the cases provided for in paragraphs 4 and 4¹ of Article 4 of this Law) may include years of study different from the years of study specified in subparagraph "o" of Article 2 of this Law for the primary, basic and secondary levels of general education, provided that the total number of years of study of the general education program(s) implemented in a foreign language at the primary, basic and secondary levels of general education (including in the cases provided for in paragraphs 4 and 4¹ of Article 4 of this Law) shall not exceed 12 or be less than 12.

7. (Removed - 21.07.2010, No. (/[ka/document/view/93094#](#)) 3530)

Law of Georgia No. 4530 of March 28, 2007 - JSC I, No. 15, 23.04.2007, Art. 119 (/[ka/document/view/23620#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 3442 of July 16, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 44, 28.07.2010, Art. 273 (/[ka/document/view/92920#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/[ka/document/view/93094#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/[ka/document/view/1160240#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 4321 of March 9, 2011 - website, 22.03.2011. (/[ka/document/view/1246930#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 2210 of April 4, 2014 - website, 14.04.2014. (/[ka/document/view/2313632#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/[ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/[ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 - website, 11.07.2018. (/[ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 - website, 19.07.2018. (/[ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 3443 of September 20, 2018 - website, 09.10.2018. (/[ka/document/view/4330820#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 4495 of April 8, 2019 - website, 11.04.2019. (/[ka/document/view/4530427#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 - website, 18.03.2021. (/[ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 1465 of March 30, 2022 - Website, 06.04.2022. (/[ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 1513 of April 14, 2022 - Website, 19.04.2022. (/[ka/document/view/5438531#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 2854 of May 3, 2023 - Website, 11.05.2023. (/[ka/document/view/5796435#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 3663 of November 15, 2023 - Website, 05.12.2023. (/[ka/document/view/5965473#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 3959 of December 15, 2023 - Website, 25.12.2023. (/[ka/document/view/6002206#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Article 6¹. Distance learning

1. Distance learning involves conducting the learning process remotely/electronically or using other means of communication.

2. Distance learning is carried out in the form of synchronous or asynchronous communication. Synchronous communication refers to an interaction where the sender and receiver of information communicate at the same time, while asynchronous communication refers to an interaction where the sender and receiver of information do not communicate at the same time.

3. The distance learning program is designed in accordance with the requirements established by the legislation of Georgia for the general education program and/or the subject/subject group provided for in the National Curriculum.

4. The Minister shall make a decision on the admission of distance learning in general education institutions of Georgia and the period of implementation of distance learning, as well as a decision on the general education institution that must use distance learning to provide general education, by means of an individual administrative-legal act.

5. The Minister shall approve the rules and conditions for conducting the educational process remotely and evaluating the results obtained in general education institutions of Georgia.

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/[ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 6286 of June 12, 2020 - website, 15.06.2020. (/[ka/document/view/4890677#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 - website, 18.03.2021. (/[ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Article 7. Access to general education

1. The state ensures the right of each student (including students with special educational needs) to receive general education as close as possible to their place of residence, in the state or native language.

2. If it is impossible for students to exercise the right specified in paragraph 1 of this Article through a standard voucher, the state shall provide such students with an increased voucher and/or additional funding within the framework of the relevant targeted program approved by the Ministry.

3. The Ministry should provide, through increased voucher amounts and additional funding:

- a) openness of general education in public schools and its equal access to it for everyone throughout life;
- b) introduction of inclusive education and multilingual education in public schools;
- c) improving the material, technical, programmatic and human resources of public schools;
- d) Appropriate remuneration for the work of public school teachers, directors, and administrative and technical personnel;
- e) Creating a safe environment for health in public schools;

f) The smooth conduct of the educational process in public schools, especially in public schools that, as a result of reorganization, have more than one administrative building used in the educational process on their balance sheet, as well as in public schools located in villages/townships and mountainous regions and multi-sector public schools.

4. The state shall ensure the provision of general education in penitentiary institutions in accordance with the rules established by the Penitentiary Code.

Law of Georgia No. 4129 of December 27, 2006 - Official Gazette I, No. 49, 29.12.2006, Art. 372 (/ka/document/view/25828#)

Law of Georgia No. 2725 of March 9, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 12, 24.03.2010, Art. 61 (/ka/document/view/91726#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 - website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 - website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3996 of December 15, 2023 - Website, 26.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/6001353#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 7¹. Beginning of the academic year in general educational institutions of Georgia

1. The academic year in all general education institutions of Georgia begins on September 15. If September 15 falls on a holiday or weekend, studies will begin on the first working day following it.

2. An individual administrative-legal act of the Minister may determine a date for the start of the academic year different from that provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article for all or specific general education institutions:

- a) When implementing piloting in a public school in accordance with this law;
- b) in the event of an emergency situation as provided for by the Law of Georgia "On Civil Security", as well as during the implementation of rehabilitation works at a general educational institution/institutions;
- c) Upon a justified request from a private school.

Law of Georgia No. 5420 of June 10, 2016 - website, 17.06.2016. (/ka/document/view/3309589#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 - website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 - website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter II. Fundamental rights and freedoms of students, parents and teachers

Article 8. Basic guarantees

1. Students, parents and teachers, as well as their associations, have the right, under equal conditions, without discrimination, in accordance with the established procedure, to enjoy all the rights and freedoms protected by this Chapter and recognized by the school, as well as all school resources, during school hours or on school territory.

2. The school has the right to restrict the rights and freedoms of outsiders during school hours or on school grounds on a non-discriminatory basis.

3. A school may establish rules for non-discriminatory and neutral restrictions on the rights and freedoms of students, parents and teachers, as well as their associations, during school hours or on school territory in order to comply with the requirements of this Law, as well as if there is a well-founded and imminent threat:

- a) safety of health, life and property;
- b) encouraging the use of drugs, alcohol or tobacco or illegal activities;
- c) spreading obscenity or defamation, inciting ethnic or religious hatred, inciting crime or violence;
- d) Obstructing the course of the educational process, school activities, or free movement within the school territory.

4. Any restriction of the rights and freedoms of a student, parent, and teacher must be reasonable, proportionate, minimal, and must be implemented only on the basis of established rules, in full compliance with the teacher's code of professional ethics, and through a due and fair procedure.

5. It is not permissible to restrict the rights and freedoms of a student, parent and teacher in such a way that they are essentially equivalent to their abolition. Any restriction or regulation may include neutral restrictions on the place, time and form of exercise of their rights and freedoms that do not affect the content or expressive effect of the information or ideas and leave an effective possibility of their exercise in alternative ways.

6. The exercise of the rights and freedoms of a student, parent, and teacher recognized by this Law shall be presumed to be lawful. In the event of a dispute arising regarding them, the burden of proving the unlawfulness of the exercise of these rights and freedoms shall lie with the initiator of the restriction.

7. It is prohibited for a school to fund an event that contradicts the objectives of this law.

8. This Law does not deny those universally recognized rights and freedoms that are not mentioned here, but which follow from the legislation of Georgia.

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Article 8¹. Compliance with the requirements established by the Law of Georgia "On Family Values and the Protection of Minors"

It is prohibited to include such information in the educational program of a general educational institution/school and/or to disseminate such information or facilitate the dissemination of such information by an employee of a general educational institution/school within the framework of the activities of this institution/school or/and on the territory of the same institution/school, which is aimed at popularizing a person's affiliation to any biological sex or/and affiliation to a sex different from his/her biological sex, relationships expressed as a sign of sexual orientation between representatives of the same biological sex, or incest. For the purposes of this article, the term "popularization" is defined in accordance with the Law of Georgia "On Family Values and Protection of Minors".

Law of Georgia No. 4445 of September 17, 2024 - website, 03.10.2024. (/ka/document/view/6283034#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 9. The right to receive general education

1. Everyone has the equal right to a full general education, enabling him to develop his personality to the full and to acquire the knowledge and skills necessary for equal opportunities for success in private and public life. Primary and basic education shall be compulsory.

2. To ensure the receipt of general education, the state creates a general education system and appropriate socio-economic conditions.

3. An alternative curriculum, an individual curriculum based on the national curriculum and/or an expanded curriculum shall be used for a student with special educational needs, in accordance with which his/her education, social adaptation and integration into public life are carried out. A student with special educational needs in a public school shall, if necessary, be provided with appropriate human resources and programs/services, the funding of which shall be provided by the state.

4. General education may be obtained in the form of an external course. An external course holder has the right to receive a document certifying complete general education in the form of an external course if he/she has achieved the level of achievement established by the National Curriculum.

4¹. The Ministry shall establish the rules and conditions for receiving general education in the form of an external course. The Ministry shall be authorized to establish deadlines for submitting and considering an administrative complaint in relation to receiving general education in the form of an external course that differ from those provided for by the General Administrative Code of Georgia.

5. General education may be provided in alternative forms, in accordance with the rules established by the Ministry, taking into account the age characteristics of the students and their working and family conditions.

6. The state protects the freedom of educational choice of the student and the parent. The freedom of educational choice of the parent does not imply:

- a) the right to opt out of compulsory education;
- b) education that would hinder the achievement of the goals of this law.

6¹. For the purpose of receiving general education, an agreement is concluded between the parent/relevant authorized person of a person with incapacitated/limited legal capacity and the school, and in the case of a capable person, between this person and the school.

7. The school is obliged to take all reasonable measures to ensure a fair assessment of the student's knowledge. It is not permissible for a student's academic assessment to be conditioned by his or her discipline.

8. A student has the right to be protected from mistreatment, neglect, and abuse.

9. The school is obliged to create a safe environment for health, life and property on the school territory and/or its adjacent territory during school hours and to comply with the rules and conditions for maintaining security and public order in a general educational institution provided for in subparagraph "h¹¹" of paragraph 1 of Article 26 of this Law. For this purpose, a private school is authorized to conclude an agreement with a legal entity under public law – the educational institution's mandator's service – on the protection of security and public order and/or the provision of psychosocial services. The services of the legal entity under public law – the educational institution's mandator's service in a public school are financed from the state budget of Georgia.

10. The school is obliged to take all reasonable measures to properly protect, prevent or prevent violations of the rights and freedoms of students, parents and teachers during school hours, as well as in the school or its surrounding areas.

11. A student expelled from school has the right to continue his studies at another school.

12. A student has the right to transfer from one school to another school at the same level of general education, in accordance with the rules established by the Ministry.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 4129 of December 27, 2006 - Official Gazette I, No. 49, 29.12.2006, Art. 372 (/ka/document/view/25828#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of February 22, 2011 – website, 10.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1232873#)

Law of Georgia No. 4321 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246930#)

Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 - website, 29.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 4495 of April 8, 2019 – website, 11.04.2019. (/ka/document/view/4530427#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3663 of November 15, 2023 – Website, 05.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5965473#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 10. The right to know about one's rights and freedoms

1. A student, parent, and teacher have the right to information about their rights and freedoms, as well as the grounds for their restriction.
2. The school is obliged to inform every new student, parent, and teacher of their rights and freedoms.
3. When restricting rights and freedoms, the school is obliged to explain the grounds for the restriction to the student, parent, and teacher within a reasonable time.
4. The information provided for in this article shall be provided to the student in a manner appropriate to his or her age and individual abilities, using accessible means of communication.

Law of Georgia No. 5018 of September 20, 2019 – website, 27.09.2019. (/ka/document/view/4602522#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 5918 of May 21, 2020 – website, 25.05.2020. (/ka/document/view/4873790#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 11. The right to participate in school management

1. Students, parents, and teachers have the right to participate in the management of the school, either personally or through an elected representative.
2. A student, parent, and teacher have the right to receive any information available at the school, except for information containing personal data.
3. Students, parents, and teachers have the right to request and receive the opportunity to have their opinions heard and discussed by the school when deciding on an issue related to them, either directly or through a representative.
4. When taking action against a student, his or her true interests must be protected.

Law of Georgia No. 6328 of May 25, 2012 – website, 12.06.2012. (/ka/document/view/1672389#)

Article 12. Right to appeal

1. A student, parent, and teacher have the right to appeal against illegal and other unlawful actions of a teacher, school, or educational institution official in order to protect their rights and freedoms, as well as to receive full compensation for the damage caused.

2. The school is obliged to create an effective means for independent and impartial review of complaints.

2¹. A legal entity under public law - the Office of the Mandatory of an Educational Institution is obliged to create an effective means of impartial review of complaints.

3. Labor disputes arising between the director of a public school and the employees of this public school, the board of trustees and the director, as well as between the director of a public school and the Ministry, shall be considered by the court as civil disputes in accordance with the rules of civil proceedings.

4. (Removed - 20.03.2013, No. 348 (/ka/document/view/1877157#DOCUMENT:1;)).

5. During civil and administrative proceedings, the representation of a public school in court shall be ensured by the Ministry or an employee of the relevant territorial body of the Ministry, based on a power of attorney from the director of this public school, and in the territories of the Autonomous Republics of Abkhazia and Adjara - by an employee of the relevant Ministry or Ministry authorized in the field of education.

Law of Georgia No. 790 of December 19, 2008 - Official Gazette I, No. 40, 29.12.2008, Art. 257 (/ka/document/view/19636#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 3442 of July 16, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 44, 28.07.2010, Art. 273 (/ka/document/view/92920#)

Law of Georgia No. 4322 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246950#)

Law of Georgia No. 5511 of December 20, 2011 - website, 28.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1541576#)

Law of Georgia No. 348 of March 20, 2013 – website, 28.03.2013. (/ka/document/view/1877157#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 - website, 29.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 13. Neutrality and non-discrimination

1. It is prohibited to politicize the educational process in a general education institution.

2. It is prohibited to use the educational process in a public school for the purposes of religious indoctrination, proselytism, or forced assimilation. This norm does not restrict the celebration of state holidays and historical dates in a public school, as well as the holding of events aimed at establishing national and universal human values.

3. Any discrimination in school admission is prohibited. This norm does not exclude the possibility of conducting a selection competition in general education institutions that provide military, specialized artistic and sports training, as well as in schools of other status. When conducting a selection competition, it is necessary to take into account the special educational needs of a person.

4. It is prohibited for a school to use its powers and resources in a manner that may directly or indirectly lead to any discrimination against students, parents, and teachers, as well as their associations.

5. Any discriminatory action or exception shall be considered discrimination unless such action or exception is just and reasonable and serves to ensure the free development and equal opportunities of each individual or group.

6. The school is obliged to protect and promote the establishment of tolerance and mutual respect among students, parents and teachers, regardless of their social, ethnic, religious, linguistic and ideological affiliation.

7. The school protects, on the basis of equality, the individual and collective right of members of minorities to freely use their native language, to preserve and express their cultural identity.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Article 14. Freedom of expression

1. A student, parent, and teacher have the right, in accordance with the procedure established by law, to seek, receive, create, store, process, or disseminate any information and ideas during school hours or on school territory, as well as to use school resources to seek, receive, create, store, process, or disseminate information and ideas, subject to the restrictions established by the legislation of Georgia, including this Law.

2. A student has the right to express his or her own opinion and demand that it be respected.

3. It is prohibited to infringe on the editorial independence of school publications and to censor books in the school library. This norm does not prevent the school from imposing non-discriminatory and neutral restrictions to ensure the protection of minors from the harmful influence of age-inappropriate literature.

4. Students, parents, and teachers have the right to solicit voluntary donations for charitable purposes in accordance with established procedures. The school is obligated to take all reasonable measures to prevent the extortion of financial funds or other benefits.

5. Students and teachers have academic freedom to study, teach, and research within the framework that does not conflict with the achievement of the goals set by the National Curriculum.

6. The school has the right to establish a school uniform in a way that does not restrict the freedom of expression of students and teachers. Students and teachers have the right to refuse to wear a school uniform, provided they have a reasoned refusal.

7. When establishing a school uniform, the school must take into account the financial capabilities of the student, and if he or she cannot afford to purchase a uniform, the school must provide him or her with one.

Article 15. Freedom of assembly

1. Students, parents, and teachers have the freedom to assemble on school grounds in accordance with the procedure established by law, upon prior notice.

2. It is not permissible for a school to lead or control the proceedings of a gathering of students, parents, and teachers against their will. The school has the right, if necessary, to attend a gathering of students, parents, and teachers.

3. An outsider has the right to attend a student assembly only upon their invitation, except for cases provided for by Georgian legislation related to ensuring security on school grounds.

Law of Georgia No. 4530 of March 28, 2007 - JSC I, No. 15, 23.04.2007, Art. 119 (/ka/document/view/23620#)

Article 16. Freedom of association

1. Students, parents, and teachers have the freedom of association in accordance with the procedure established by law.

2. It is not permissible for the school to interfere in the activities of student, parent and teacher associations, except in cases provided for by law.
3. It is not permitted for an outsider to lead or control a student association.

Article 17. Inviolability of private life

1. The private life of a student, parent, and teacher is inviolable. They may not be required to disclose information about their private lives.
2. When collecting and storing personal data of students, parents, and teachers, the school is obliged to be guided by the requirements of this Law and the General Administrative Code of Georgia.
3. Information about a student's academic performance should be kept separate from disciplinary data.
4. The school has the right to require students and teachers to undergo medical examinations for diseases, alcohol, and drugs. The school is obliged to ensure the availability of appropriate medical examinations.
5. Arbitrary restrictions on the right of students and teachers to privacy, private communication, as well as the inviolability of school property transferred to students and teachers for their personal use are inadmissible.

Article 18. Freedom of religion

1. A student, parent, and teacher have the right to freedom of belief, religion, and conscience, as well as the right to voluntarily choose and change any or no belief or worldview, in accordance with the procedure established by law.
2. It is not permissible to impose obligations on students, parents, and teachers that fundamentally contradict their faith, belief, or conscience, unless this violates the rights of others or prevents them from achieving the level of achievement set forth in the national curriculum.
3. The placement of religious symbols on the territory of a public school should not serve non-academic purposes.
4. Public school students have the right to voluntarily study religion or conduct a religious ritual during their free time outside of school hours, if it serves the purpose of receiving religious education.

Article 19. Discipline

1. School discipline must be maintained through methods that are based on respect for the freedom and dignity of students and teachers.
 2. Requirements, disciplinary action, and punishment established by school regulations must be reasonable, justified, and proportionate.
 3. In addition to the liability measures established by the school's internal regulations and the legislation of Georgia, the following may be provided for: a warning, a strict warning, expulsion from class, temporary dismissal from school, assignment of a student to a useful activity for the school, and other disciplinary sanctions. In the event of a student's temporary dismissal from school, his or her parent must be immediately notified. The school is obliged to keep the student under its care in the event of expulsion from class or temporary dismissal from school.
 4. Disciplinary action may be taken only in cases provided for by the school's internal regulations and in accordance with the established procedure, due and fair procedure.
 5. During disciplinary proceedings, the school is obliged to explain to the student or teacher the essence of the disciplinary offense committed by him/her.
 6. The student's parent must be immediately notified of the application of disciplinary action against him/her, as well as the initiation of disciplinary proceedings. The student has the right to be present with his/her parent when the matter related to him/her is being resolved.
 7. The school is obliged to take measures to ensure that disciplinary action does not result in the student's substantial failure to progress in the educational process.
 8. It is prohibited to use harsh or disciplinary punishment that violates a person's honor and dignity.
 9. (Removed - 13.06.2018, No. 2523) ([/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;](#));
 10. It is not permissible for a school to discipline a student or teacher for an act committed during non-school hours or outside the school premises.
 11. A student and a teacher have the right to remain silent during disciplinary proceedings. The right to remain silent does not exempt a student or a teacher from disciplinary liability.
 12. The teacher has the right to make a decision to expel a student from class, the school principal has the right to make a decision to dismiss a student from school for a period of up to 5 days, and the disciplinary committee has the right to make a decision to dismiss or expel a student from school for a period of up to 5-10 days by secret ballot.
 - 12¹. It is not permissible to expel a student from school at the primary and basic levels.
 - 12². When assigning a student to perform a school- useful activity, the following shall be determined: the content of the useful activity; the procedure and conditions for its implementation; the place of implementation of the useful activity within the school territory; its duration, which for a primary school student shall not exceed 1 hour per day, for a basic school student – 2 hours per day and for a secondary school student – 3 hours per day; the identity of the authorized person who will directly supervise the student's performance of the school- useful activity. School- useful activity may be assigned to a student with the consent of the parent. Damage caused by a student performing school- useful activity shall be compensated in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia. In this case, the burden of proof shall lie with the school administration.
 13. Before establishing contact with a student during school hours or on school grounds, except in cases provided for by law, in cases of urgent necessity, a police officer or other public servant is obliged to inform the school of the purpose of the contact, the circumstances of the case and contact the student through it. The school is obliged to explain to the student his or her rights and immediately inform the student's parent about this, except in cases where the parent violates the child's rights.
- Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 ([/ka/document/view/25954#](#))*
- Law of Georgia No. 3442 of July 16, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 44, 28.07.2010, Art. 273 ([/ka/document/view/92920#](#))*
- Law of Georgia No. 3544 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 46, 04.08.2010, Art. 291 ([/ka/document/view/93022#](#))*
- Law of Georgia No. 173 of December 27, 2012 – website, 08.01.2013. ([/ka/document/view/1814305#DOCUMENT:1;](#))*
- Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. ([/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;](#))*
- Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 - website, 29.06.2018. ([/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;](#))*
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Article 20. Inadmissibility of violence, protection of security and public order

1. Violence against a student or any other person is not permitted at school. In the event of physical and/or verbal abuse, the school is obliged to immediately respond appropriately in accordance with the rules established by the legislation of Georgia.

2. In order to maintain safety and public order at school, a student is obliged to comply with the lawful instructions of the school principal or, in his absence, a person authorized to do so by the school principal. The school principal or, in his absence, a person authorized to do so by the school principal is obliged to notify the student's parent and the school principal of any alleged disciplinary offense/violation committed by the student and the measures taken against the student as a result. In the event of an alleged violation of the law by the student, the school principal is obliged to notify law enforcement agencies.

3. In order to maintain security and public order at school, it is permissible to conduct a non-contact surface inspection, the purpose of which is to detect an item prohibited by the legislation of Georgia, a weapon used by a student to commit an alleged disciplinary offense/violation, an item that bears traces of an alleged disciplinary offense/violation, an item and valuables obtained by committing an alleged disciplinary offense/violation, as well as an item and document that are necessary to clarify the circumstances of the alleged disciplinary offense/violation.

4. Non-contact surface searches are permitted only when circumstances indicate a possible violation of school regulations and/or a possible violation of the law by a student and there is sufficient reason to assume that a non-contact surface search will reveal a disciplinary offense and/or a possible violation of the law as provided for in the school regulations.

5. Non-contact surface inspection is carried out at the initiative of the educational institution's resource officer and/or school employee.

6. A non-contact physical examination may be conducted by a school principal of the same gender or by a person of the same gender designated by the school principal. An exception to this paragraph shall be allowed only if there is no person of the same gender as the student at the school.

7. A school employee must also be present during the non-contact surface examination. Collective non-contact surface examinations are not permitted. The person authorized to do so by the principal of the educational institution/school director is obliged to immediately notify the student's parent about the implementation of a non-contact surface examination of the student.

8. Before conducting a non-contact surface search, the principal of the educational institution or a person authorized by the school principal must warn the student about the implementation of a non-contact surface search. If a student presents or a person authorized by the principal of the educational institution/school principal discovers a supposedly illegal item/object, the possession of which by the student is within the competence of a law enforcement agency under the legislation of Georgia, the law enforcement agency shall be immediately notified. The principal of the educational institution/school principal shall hand over the discovered item/object to the student's parent or law enforcement agency, taking into account the nature of the item/object.

9. Taking into account the best interests of the student(s), it is permissible to separate the student(s) in an emotionally and physically safe environment, in the presence of a person authorized to do so by the school principal, in cases where the actions of the student(s) pose a threat to the life and/or health of a person or the student refuses to undergo a non-contact surface search and it is otherwise impossible to detect the item provided for in paragraph 3 of this article or the student refuses to hand over the item provided for in paragraph 3 of this article found during the non-contact surface search to the school principal/person authorized to do so by the school principal.

10. The person designated by the school principal, as provided for in paragraph 9 of this article, must be trained in accordance with the rules approved by the Ministry.

11. In the case provided for in paragraph 9 of this Article, it is possible to involve the student(s) in various types of school activities under the supervision of a teacher/school employee and/or the educational institution's resource person. From the moment of separation of the student(s), the measures to be implemented by the school, educational institution resource person, and, if necessary, a psychologist and/or social worker should serve such purposes as ensuring the student(s)'s safety, reducing risk, and managing the student(s)'s behavior.

12. The student's parent must be immediately notified of the student's separation, and in the event of a possible violation of the law by the student, the law enforcement agency must be notified.

13. The separation of the student(s) shall be carried out in order to achieve the objectives set forth in paragraph 11 of this Article, prior to the arrival of the student's parent or a person designated by the student's parent at the school.

14. The right to separate a student is vested in the principal of the educational institution, and in his/her absence, in the person authorized for this purpose by the school principal.

15. When conducting a non-contact surface inspection/separation of a student, the person authorized for this purpose by the principal of the educational institution/school director shall explain to the student in a language he/she understands the circumstances on the basis of which the non-contact surface inspection/separation of a student is being carried out. The person authorized for this purpose by the principal of the educational institution/school director shall draw up a protocol on the implementation of the non-contact surface inspection/separation of a student. This protocol shall indicate, among other information, the basis of what circumstances, for what purpose, where, under what conditions, in whose presence and with whose participation the non-contact surface inspection/separation of a student was carried out.

16. Security and public order on school grounds during school hours shall be ensured in accordance with the rules and conditions for security and public order in general education institutions. These rules and conditions shall regulate the following issues:

- a) Actions to be taken by the school, the school principal and other persons during school hours to maintain safety and public order on the school premises;
- b) Rules for equipping and administering a school video surveillance system;
- c) Rules for maintaining an electronic database of violations identified at school;
- d) Procedure for conducting non-contact surface inspection;
- e) The procedure for implementing the separation of a student and the measures to be implemented by the school or educational institution's resource officer and/or psychologist after his/her separation;
- f) Form and procedure for drawing up a protocol on non-contact surface inspection, separation of a student, and use of physical force by a school resource officer;
- g) The procedure for providing recommendations on safety issues to schools by the educational institution's Mandatory Service, a legal entity under public law, as well as the procedure for providing feedback on the actions taken by schools in relation to these recommendations;
- h) Ethics of the educational institution's resource person;
- i) Rules for the use of metal detectors by the school security guard;
- j) Rules for the distribution and rotation of school principals of educational institutions;

- k) Rules for selecting a candidate for the position of principal of an educational institution;
- m) Other issues related to the maintenance of safety and public order on school premises during school hours.

17. In order to protect the safety of the person and protect minors from harmful influences, video surveillance should be implemented on the external and internal perimeters of the school.

18. To ensure public order and security on the school premises, law enforcement agencies shall take action in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.

Law of Georgia No. 4530 of March 28, 2007 - JSC I, No. 15, 23.04.2007, Art. 119 (/ka/document/view/23620#)

Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 - website, 29.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 20¹. Teacher's obligation to provide information

The teacher is obliged to provide information on the possible commission of violence against women and/or domestic violence to the relevant authorized person designated by the school principal, if there is a risk of recurrence of the violence.

Law of Georgia No. 773 of May 4, 2017 - website, 25.05.2017. (/ka/document/view/3663753#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 21. Other rights and obligations of a teacher

1. A teacher of a general education institution has the right to:

- a) require the institution to create the necessary conditions for work;
- b) receive remuneration for work in accordance with the norms established by the Ministry;
- c) to improve their qualifications, for which they are entitled to request unpaid leave for up to 1 year every 6 years, while maintaining their job;
- d) to enjoy other rights provided for by the legislation of Georgia.

1¹. The teacher is obliged to:

- a) Provide the student with a quality education;
- a. ¹) Ensure that the educational needs of students with special educational needs are taken into account in the educational process;
- A2) To facilitate the effective transition of the individual/student and prepare him/her for continuing his/her studies at the next level of education and for independent living ;
- b) to care for the student's personal development and the formation of his/her civic awareness;
- c) take care of their own professional development;
- d) Participate in the teacher's professional development and career advancement scheme (this obligation does not apply to invited teachers, foreign invited teachers and substitute teachers, while this obligation applies to private school teachers only in cases directly defined by this scheme);
- e) to follow the teacher's code of professional ethics;
- f) fulfill obligations stipulated by the legislation of Georgia and the employment contract;
- g) Provide information about their health status to the general educational institution in accordance with the rules established by the legislation of Georgia and the employment contract.

1². A teacher cannot be a person who has been convicted of an intentional crime and whose conviction has not been expunged.

2. A teacher's salary for a full working week shall not be less than the minimum wage for a public servant established by the legislation of Georgia.

3. An employment contract between a general educational institution and a teacher shall be concluded in accordance with the procedure specified by the legislation of Georgia.

4. Teacher salaries increase as the public school budget increases.

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 497 of November 18, 2008 – GAZet I, No. 33, 01.12.2008, Art. 211 (/ka/document/view/1057887#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 – website, 10.08.2018. (/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2250 of December 1, 2022 – Website, 14.12.2022. (/ka/document/view/5625220#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3959 of December 15, 2023 – Website, 25.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/6002206#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter II¹. The teaching profession

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Article 21¹. (removed)

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 5741 of March 2, 2012 - website, 05.03.2012. (/ka/document/view/1602735#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 21². Types of teacher positions and teacher professional standards

1. The types of teacher positions are:

- a) Primary school teacher – a teacher who teaches at least one subject at the primary school level in a general education institution;
- b) Basic/secondary level subject teacher – a teacher who teaches at least one subject at the basic and secondary levels in a general education institution;

c) Subject group teacher – a teacher who teaches all subjects combined in one subject group at the basic and/or secondary level in a general education institution;

d) Teacher of an artistic or sports subject/subject group – a teacher who teaches all subjects included in an artistic or sports subject/subject group at the appropriate level in a general education institution;

e) Special teacher - a person with professional knowledge, skills and relevant qualifications as defined by the teacher's professional standard, who independently or together with a subject teacher teaches a student/students with special educational needs and/or works with them individually/in groups to improve their learning outcomes and develop various skills;

f) Military subject/subject group teacher – a teacher of a military subject/subject group provided for in the school curriculum;

g) Primary school multilingual education teacher – a teacher in a non-Georgian-language general education institution/sector who teaches one or more subjects in different languages at the primary school level;

h) Multilingual education teacher of a subject/subject group at the basic/secondary level – a teacher at a non-Georgian-language general education institution/sector who teaches one or more subjects at the basic and secondary levels in different languages.

2. The Ministry, upon the recommendation of the National Center for Teacher Professional Development, shall determine the professional standard of a teacher for each type of teacher. The professional standard of a teacher of a military subject/subject group shall be determined in agreement with the Ministry of Defense of Georgia. All teachers of general education institutions shall comply with the professional standard of a teacher.

3. A profession in a general education institution may be taught by a teacher of the profession who is a vocational education teacher in accordance with the [Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76](#) of [Georgia Vocational Education](#).

[Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76](#)

[Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122](#)

[Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187](#)

[Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302](#)

[Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491](#)

[Law of Georgia No. 6448 of June 12, 2012 – website, 25.06.2012.](#)

[Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014.](#)

[Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018.](#)

[Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018.](#)

[Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 – website, 10.08.2018.](#)

[Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021.](#)

Article 21³. Teacher Education

1. Teachers holding positions specified in subparagraphs "a"–"c" of paragraph 1 of Article 21² of this Law must meet the requirements established by the teacher's professional standard and one of the following requirements:

a) Must have a Master of Education academic degree awarded upon completion of an integrated Bachelor's-Master's educational program for teacher training (with an indication of the right to teach the subject/subjects of the corresponding level of general education);

b) Must have a Master's degree in education (with an indication of the right to teach the subject/subjects of the corresponding level of general education) and subject competence confirmed in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia;

c) Must have a Bachelor's/Master's degree or equivalent academic degree in a subject/subject group provided for in the National Curriculum and must complete a teacher training educational program or a distance learning course of a teacher training educational program within 2 years of starting work as a teacher;

d) Must have a Bachelor's degree or equivalent academic degree in a subject/subject group provided for in the National Curriculum, must have completed a teacher training educational program within the framework of a Bachelor's degree educational program, and must have subject competence confirmed in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia;

e) Must have the right to teach according to a document confirming higher education and subject competence confirmed in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia;

f) Must have a PhD or equivalent academic degree in a subject or field of education relevant to the National Curriculum.

1¹. A person who has obtained a foreign language certificate issued by a legal entity in the register specified in subparagraph "h¹⁶" of paragraph 1 of Article 26 of this Law shall be deemed to have successfully passed the relevant subject examination in a foreign language as provided for by the legislation of Georgia.

2. (Removed - 20.07.2018, No. 3243)

3. A special teacher, as provided for in subparagraph "e" of paragraph 1 of Article 21² of this Law, must meet the requirements established by the teacher's professional standard and one of the following requirements:

a) Must have a Master of Education degree or an equivalent academic degree awarded as a result of completing an integrated bachelor's-master's educational program or a master's educational program for teacher training (with an indication of the right to teach the subject/subjects of the corresponding level of general education) and must have passed the special teacher exam specified by the legislation of Georgia or must have obtained a special teacher training certificate;

b) Must have a Master of Education degree or an equivalent academic degree awarded as a result of completing an integrated Bachelor's and Master's degree program in teacher training and must have completed a special teacher training module within the framework of this program;

c) Must have a PhD in special education or educational sciences (the thesis must be related to inclusive education);

d) Must have at least a bachelor's degree or equivalent academic degree and must have completed a master's degree program in special education or must have obtained a special education teacher training certificate;

e) Must have the right to teach according to a document confirming higher education or at least a bachelor's degree in psychology or an occupational therapist and must have passed the special teacher exam specified by Georgian legislation or must have obtained a special teacher training certificate.

3¹. A special teacher who teaches and works with students with special educational needs who are visually or hearing impaired or have multiple sensory impairments (deaf and blind) or have severe/profound intellectual and/or multiple disabilities or have behavioral and emotional disorders must meet one of the requirements set out in paragraph 3 of this article and must have completed a specialized certification program in teaching students with visual or hearing impairments or have multiple sensory impairments (deaf and blind) or have severe/profound intellectual and/or multiple disabilities or have behavioral and emotional disorders.

4. A teacher holding the position provided for in subparagraph "d" of paragraph 1 of Article 21² of this Law must meet the requirements established by the teacher's professional standard; in addition, a teacher of an artistic or sports subject/subject group must have:

- a) Complete general education;
- b) Must have relevant higher education in arts or sports and/or professional education in arts or sports and must have completed a teacher training educational program in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.

5. A teacher holding the position specified in subparagraph "f" of paragraph 1 of Article 21² of this Law must meet the requirements established by the teacher's professional standard; in addition, a teacher of a military subject/subject group must have:

- a) Complete general education;
- b) Must have relevant military education and have completed a teacher training educational program in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.

6. Teachers holding positions specified in subparagraphs "g" and "h" of paragraph 1 of Article 21² of this Law must know two languages, one of which must be Georgian. In addition, they must meet the requirements established by the teacher's professional standard and the requirement established by one of the subparagraphs of paragraph 1 of this Article.

7. (Retrieved - 27.11.2015, No. 4583). ([/ka/document/view/3074416#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

8. The Ministry of Defense of Georgia is authorized to establish additional qualification requirements for teachers of military subjects/subject groups.

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 ([/ka/document/view/23476#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 ([/ka/document/view/89434#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 ([/ka/document/view/92488#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 ([/ka/document/view/1160240#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 5741 of March 2, 2012 - website, 05.03.2012. ([/ka/document/view/1602735#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 6448 of June 12, 2012 – website, 25.06.2012. ([/ka/document/view/1684114#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. ([/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 4583 of November 27, 2015 - website, 10.12.2015. ([/ka/document/view/3074416#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 4619 of December 11, 2015 - website, 22.12.2015. ([/ka/document/view/3101093#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 – website, 10.08.2018. ([/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 1353 of February 1, 2022 – website, 08.02.2022. ([/ka/document/view/5325464#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 1979 of November 2, 2022 – Website, 14.11.2022. ([/ka/document/view/5601569#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 2250 of December 1, 2022 – Website, 14.12.2022. ([/ka/document/view/5625220#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Article 21⁴. Seeker of teaching

1. With the consent of the National Center for Teacher Professional Development, a general education institution shall conclude an employment contract with a teacher candidate.

2. A general education institution is obliged to compensate a teacher candidate for his/her labor during the period of his/her teacher training in accordance with the minimum amount and conditions of remuneration for public school teachers.

3. A person seeking a teaching position shall enjoy all the benefits and rights provided for teachers by this law, except for the right to participate in elections to the public school board of trustees.

4. A person may work in a school with the status of a teacher candidate for no more than 2 years. During this period, he or she must complete a teacher candidate program. In case of successful completion of the teacher candidate program, the person shall be deemed to have met the relevant requirements for teacher education established by Article 21³ of this Law.

5. The Teacher Education Program is approved and managed by the National Center for Teacher Professional Development.

6. During the period of teacher training, the general education institution in which the teacher is teaching is responsible for supervising the teacher training candidate.

7. If a teacher candidate fails to complete the teacher candidate program, his/her employment contract with the general education institution will be terminated.

8. The Ministry shall approve the procedure for registering teaching candidates and completing the teaching candidate period, as well as the sample and procedure for issuing the document confirming completion of the teaching candidate period.

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 ([/ka/document/view/23476#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 497 of November 18, 2008 – GAZet I, No. 33, 01.12.2008, Art. 211 ([/ka/document/view/1057887#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 ([/ka/document/view/92068#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 5741 of March 2, 2012 - website, 05.03.2012. ([/ka/document/view/1602735#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. ([/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. ([/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 – website, 10.08.2018. ([/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. ([/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Article 21⁵. (removed)

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 ([/ka/document/view/23476#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 497 of November 18, 2008 – GAZet I, No. 33, 01.12.2008, Art. 211 ([/ka/document/view/1057887#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 ([/ka/document/view/92068#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 551 of December 20, 2011 3 - Website, 28.12.2011. ([/ka/document/view/1541606#](#))

Law of Georgia No. 918 of August 6, 2013 - website, 20.08.2013. ([/ka/document/view/1987212#DOCUMENT:1;](#))

Article 21⁶ . (removed)

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 (/ka/document/view/92068#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28 , 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 21⁷. Beginning and termination of teacher activity, teacher professional development and career advancement

1. The commencement and termination of a teacher's activity shall be carried out in accordance with the Rules for the Commencement and Termination of Teacher Activity approved by the Ministry. The professional development and career advancement of a teacher shall be carried out in accordance with the Scheme for the Professional Development and Career Advancement of Teachers approved by the Government of Georgia.

2. The procedure for starting and terminating a teacher's activity and the scheme for teacher professional development and career advancement shall place teachers on an equal footing, regardless of race, skin color, language, gender, religion, political and other opinions, national, ethnic and social affiliation, origin, property and rank status, and place of residence.

3. The goal of the Teacher Professional Development and Career Advancement Scheme is to train qualified staff, enhance teacher competence and professional development, and enhance the quality of teaching and learning to improve student outcomes.

4. In order to achieve the goal specified in paragraph 3 of this article, the teacher's professional development and career advancement scheme shall determine:

a) the rules for including teachers in this scheme, the criteria for evaluating teachers, and the rules for operating the electronic evaluation system;

b) Other issues of teacher professional development and career advancement.

5. (Retrieved - 16.12.2016, No. 102) (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;).

6. Possible sources of funding for teacher professional development and career advancement include:

a) funds of a general educational institution, including revenues from voucher financing;

b) Funds of the relevant targeted program approved by the Ministry;

c) Teacher self-financing;

d) Funding by donors;

e) Other funds permitted by the legislation of Georgia.

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 (/ka/document/view/92068#)

Law of Georgia No. 4322 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246950#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28 , 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 – website, 10.08.2018. (/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 21⁸. Registration of teacher professional development educational programs

1. Natural persons and legal entities registered in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia have the right to implement educational programs for teacher professional development.

2. The National Center for Teacher Professional Development shall register teacher professional development educational programs.

3. The regulations and fees for registration of teacher professional development educational programs shall be approved by the Minister upon the recommendation of the National Center for Teacher Professional Development.

4. The decision on registration of a teacher's professional development educational program shall also indicate the number of credits of this program.

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 2079 of November 17, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 38, 01.12.2009, Art. 282 (/ka/document/view/90586#)

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 (/ka/document/view/92068#)

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 – website, 10.08.2018. (/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter III. Financing of General Education

Article 22. State financing of general education

1. The state ensures full general education. State funding of a student's education in a general educational institution lasts for 12 years.

2. Education in a general education institution is financed by the state with a voucher corresponding to the financial norm calculated per student. In the event of a student transferring from a general education institution to another general education institution, the voucher is transferred in accordance with the rules for issuing and transferring vouchers.

2¹. In addition to providing funding as provided for in paragraph 2 of this Article, the Ministry is authorized to finance a private school in accordance with the rules and conditions approved by the Government of Georgia, within the framework of the relevant targeted program/programs.

3. The state finances the education of a student from the state budget of Georgia through a voucher corresponding to the financial norm calculated per student. The amounts of standard and increased vouchers are determined according to the maximum workload for the achievement level envisaged by the National Curriculum, in accordance with the financial capabilities of students in different situations, in compliance with the principle of equality in ensuring the right to education. The amount remaining after covering the current expenses of a general education institution with a voucher may be used to cover the capital expenses of the said institution.

4. (Retrieved - 29.06.2018, No. 2753) (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

5. Capital expenses of a public school are reimbursed by the state and/or the public school within the scope of its authority.

6. A public school is authorized to receive additional funding from the state budget of Georgia in the form of an increased voucher and/or within the framework of the relevant targeted program approved by the Ministry, based on an individual administrative-legal act of the Minister.

6¹. The Ministry shall ensure the financing of public schools established by the Minister (including resource schools provided for in subparagraph "Ch⁷" of Article 2 of this Law) and the programs/services, consulting and boarding services implemented by them.

6². The Ministry of Education, Culture and Sports of the Autonomous Republic of Adjara shall ensure the financing of boarding services for public schools located in the territory of the Autonomous Republic of Adjara, including resource schools provided for in subparagraph "C^{7.a}" of Article 2 of this Law.

6³. The Ministry shall ensure the funding of inclusive education in public schools established by the Minister, including specialized classes and integrated classes, which shall provide students with special educational needs with appropriate human resources and programs/services.

7. The funding provided for in this Article shall apply to a citizen of Georgia, a person with a temporary identification card, a person provided for in Article 20¹³ of the Law of Georgia "On the Procedure for Registration of Citizens of Georgia and Aliens Residing in Georgia, Issuance of Identity (Residence) Cards and Passports of Citizens of Georgia", a citizen of a foreign country (including a citizen of another state with the status of a compatriot residing abroad), a stateless person and a person with international protection.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 4129 of December 27, 2006 - Official Gazette I, No. 49, 29.12.2006, Art. 372 (/ka/document/view/25828#)

Law of Georgia No. 3440 of July 16, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 42, 22.07.2010, Art. 264 (/ka/document/view/92428#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Law of Georgia No. 4041 of December 15, 2010 - GCM I, No. 75, 27.12.2010, Art. 465 (/ka/document/view/1155455#)

Law of Georgia No. 4488 of April 5, 2011 - website, 15.04.2011. (/ka/document/view/1298420#)

Law of Georgia No. 5000 of July 1, 2011 - website, 15.07.2011. (/ka/document/view/1407325#)

Law of Georgia No. 5305 of November 24, 2011 - website, 08.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1524789#)

Decision of the Constitutional Court of Georgia of September 12, 2014 No. 2/3/540 – website, 29.09.2014. (/ka/document/view/2519949#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3091 of February 19, 2015 – website, 26.02.2015. (/ka/document/view/2739164#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 44 of December 1, 2016 - website, 15.12.2016. (/ka/document/view/3448991#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2479 of June 6, 2018 – website, 21.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4223754#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 6905 of July 15, 2020 – website, 28.07.2020. (/ka/document/view/4917262#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3663 of November 15, 2023 – Website, 05.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5965473#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 22¹. (removed)

Law of Georgia No. 2958 of April 20, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 132 (/ka/document/view/92122#)

Law of Georgia No. 5305 of November 24, 2011 - website, 08.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1524789#)

Law of Georgia No. 6301 of May 25, 2012 – website, 12.06.2012. (/ka/document/view/1671993#)

Decision of the Constitutional Court of Georgia of September 12, 2014 No. 2/3/540 – website, 29.09.2014. (/ka/document/view/2519949#)

Law of Georgia No. 3091 of February 19, 2015 – website, 26.02.2015. (/ka/document/view/2739164#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 23. Financing of additional educational and upbringing services by the Autonomous Republic of Adjara

Upon the request of the Board of Trustees, the Ministry of Education, Culture and Sports of the Autonomous Republic of Adjara may reimburse the costs of additional educational and upbringing services on the territory of the Autonomous Republic of Adjara.

Law of Georgia No. 4488 of April 5, 2011 - website, 15.04.2011. (/ka/document/view/1298420#)

Law of Georgia No. 6905 of July 15, 2020 – website, 28.07.2020. (/ka/document/view/4917262#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter IV. Management of the General Education System

Article 24. Powers of the Parliament of Georgia in the Field of General Education

Parliament of Georgia:

- determines the main directions of state policy and management in the field of general education, develops relevant legislative acts;
- Approves the document on national goals of general education adopted by the Government of Georgia within 1 month of its submission;
- Periodically hears the Minister's report on the implementation of state policy in the field of general education, financial activities, and the implementation of national and regional programs.

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 25. Authority of the Government of Georgia in the field of general education

1. The Government of Georgia implements state policy in the field of general education.

2. The Government of Georgia:

a) Within 1 month of its submission by the Ministry, it adopts the document on the national goals of general education and submits it to the Parliament of Georgia for approval;

b) Approves, upon the submission of the Ministry:

b.a) financial norms calculated per student and their corresponding standard and increased voucher amounts;

b.b) the rules and conditions of financing a private school within the framework of the relevant targeted program/programs;

b.c) "Rules for Awarding the National Teacher Prize";

c) establishes the fees for issuing a state document certifying general education for expedited issuance and issuance of a duplicate;

d) approves the teacher's professional development and career advancement scheme upon the proposal of the Ministry;

e) Approves the rules and conditions for concluding an agreement between the legal entity of public law - the National Center for the Development of Educational Quality (hereinafter - the National Center for the Development of Educational Quality) and an authorized institution of a foreign country that carries out the recognition of a general education program recognized abroad.

3. (Removed - 20.04.2010, No. 2940) (/ka/document/view/92068#) .

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZET I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 (/ka/document/view/92068#)

Law of Georgia No. 4469 of March 22, 2011 - website, 01.04.2011. (/ka/document/view/1265738#)

Law of Georgia No. 6428 of June 5, 2012 – website, 05.06.2012. (/ka/document/view/1667922#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28 , 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 – website, 10.08.2018. (/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3664 of November 15, 2023 – website, 05.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5965254#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3959 of December 15, 2023 – Website, 25.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/6002206#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 26. Authority of the Ministry in the field of general education

1. The Ministry, in the field of general education, on the basis of the legislation of Georgia – the Constitution of Georgia, the Constitutional Agreement, international treaties and agreements, this Law, other laws and subordinate acts:

a) pursues a unified state policy in the field of general education;

b) Develop and submit to the Government of Georgia a document on national goals of general education;

c) Develop quality assurance indicators for the general education system;

d) Develops and approves the regulations of the legal entity of public law – the National Center for Teacher Professional Development, the legal entity of public law – the Educational Institution Mandatory Service, the legal entity of public law – the Educational and Scientific Infrastructure Development Agency, and the legal entity of public law – the Education Management Information System;

d ¹) approves the rules and conditions for conducting psycho-educational assessment and counseling upon the submission of the Mandatory Service of the educational institution, a legal entity under public law;

D2) submits the candidacy of the Director of the Educational and Scientific Infrastructure Development Agency , a legal entity under public law, for appointment to the Prime Minister of Georgia;

D3) appoints and dismisses the Head of the Education Management Information System, a legal entity under public law ;

D4) approves the charter of the expert group ;

d. ⁵) approves the rules and conditions for providing boarding services;

e) appoints and dismisses the Director of the National Center for Teacher Professional Development, a legal entity under public law, in agreement with the Prime Minister of Georgia;

e1) appoints and dismisses the head of the registrar's office of a legal entity under public law – an educational institution ;

E ²) (removed - 13.06.2018, No. 2523) (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;);

e3) Approves the fees for services provided on the basis of contracts by the educational institution's bailiff service , a legal entity under public law;

f) Develops and approves the national curriculum, promotes its implementation and piloting;

v1) (removed - 20.09.2018, No. 3439) (/ka/document/view/4328737#DOCUMENT:1;); (/ka/document/view/4328737#DOCUMENT:1;)

f ²) (removed - 08.06.2016, No. 5367); (/ka/document/view/3309668#DOCUMENT:1;)

f3) To obtain a document certifying complete general education or a diploma certifying completion of an equivalent secondary vocational education program, the applicant must :

V ³ .a) (removed - 08.04.2019, No. 4495) (/ka/document/view/4530427#DOCUMENT:1;); (/ka/document/view/4530427#DOCUMENT:1;)

f3.b) the form of assessment for confirming the learning outcomes of the secondary level of general education within the framework ^{of} the secondary vocational education program in which the learning outcomes of the secondary level of general education are integrated, and the program;

f. ⁴) Conducts various research to promote the development of general education;

g) (removed - 21.07.2010, No. 3530 (/ka/document/view/93094#));

h) (removed - 21.07.2010, No. 3530 (/ka/document/view/93094#));

i) approves the regulations and fees for the authorization of educational institutions;

i1) approves the rules and conditions for the creation and administration of the general education management information system ;

j) Determines the standards for the construction of buildings and structures of general educational institutions together with the relevant sectoral ministries and agencies;

k) Establishes the rules for issuing and transferring vouchers together with the Ministry of Finance of Georgia;

l ¹) is authorized to finance a private school within the framework of the relevant targeted program/programs in accordance with the rules and conditions approved by the Government of Georgia,

m) Takes measures to ensure that all students (including students with special educational needs and students expelled from school) receive general education; Develops regulations on certification of education received in the form of external study; Develops regulations on transfer from school/general educational institution to another school/general educational institution; Develops regulations on receiving education in an alternative form; Develops rules for the implementation, development and monitoring of inclusive education, as well as a mechanism for identifying students with special educational needs; Approves professional standards for specialists involved in inclusive education;

n) establishes a legal entity of public law and approves its charter for the purpose of obtaining the status of a general educational institution; is authorized to carry out its reorganization and liquidation. In the autonomous republics of Abkhazia and Adjara, the Ministry carries out the actions provided for in this subparagraph on the basis of the submission of the ministry authorized in the field of education of the relevant autonomous republic;

n¹) establishes a non-entrepreneurial (non-commercial) legal entity under private law for the purpose of obtaining the status of a general educational institution ;

n²) is authorized to establish a legal entity of public law and approve its charter, as well as to carry out its reorganization and liquidation, taking into account the requirements for financing, management rules, structural units, school curriculum, state control, and human resources (including the director and teacher) of a general educational institution, in order to obtain the status of a general educational institution. In the autonomous republics of Abkhazia and Adjara, the Ministry shall carry out the actions provided for in this subparagraph on the basis of the submission of the ministry authorized in the field of education of the relevant autonomous republic;

n) Conducts a competition to select a public school principal; presents the candidate/candidates for the position of public school principal to the public school board of trustees for selection;

1) Ensures the holding of the first elections of the Board of Trustees in a newly established and/or reorganized public school and the appointment of an acting director prior to the election of the director in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia;

P) (removed (/ka/document/view/1246930#) – 09.03.2011, No. 4321 (/ka/document/view/1246930#));

p) is authorized to dismiss the Board of Trustees of a public school without warning if it illegally dismisses the director, which is confirmed by a relevant court decision that has entered into legal force;

R) (removed - 21.07.2010, No. 3530 (/ka/document/view/93094#));

r) approves the procedure and fees for the recognition of complete general education obtained abroad or general education obtained during studies and for confirming the authenticity of educational documents issued in Georgia;

s¹) approves the rules for student mobility in a general education institution;

s²) develops and approves the rules for recognizing the right to teach as a foreign citizen;

t) approves the schedule for conducting national assessments;

t¹) Approves the rules for holding the National Educational Olympiad. The Ministry is authorized to establish the deadlines and rules for submitting and reviewing administrative complaints in connection with the National Educational Olympiad that differ from those provided for by the General Administrative Code of Georgia;

t²) Approves the rules for conducting school branding. The Ministry is authorized to establish the deadlines and rules for submitting and reviewing administrative complaints regarding school branding that differ from those provided for by the General Administrative Code of Georgia;

t³) approves the procedure for confirming the results of secondary general education achieved by a vocational student within the framework of the secondary vocational education program in which the results of secondary general education are integrated. The Ministry is authorized to establish, in accordance with the procedure provided for in this subparagraph, the deadlines and procedure for submitting and considering an administrative complaint different from those provided for in the General Administrative Code of Georgia;

t⁴) Approves the fee for services provided on the basis of the contract by the legal entity of public law – the Education Management Information System ;

t⁵) approves the "Rules for Enrolling a Student in a General Educational Institution and Suspending the Student's Status";

t⁶) Approves the fee for services provided on the basis of the contract by the legal entity of public law – the Educational and Scientific Infrastructure Development Agency;

(t) cooperates with international organizations, foreign countries, and their general educational institutions in the field of quality assurance and assessment;

f) Approves the rules and fees for the marking of textbooks/series of general education institutions. The Ministry is authorized to establish a different administrative procedure period than that provided for by the General Administrative Code of Georgia regarding the marking of textbooks/series of general education institutions;

P1) is authorized in cases specified in the rules for the classification of a textbook/series of a general education institution, to make a decision on assigning a classification to a textbook/series, based on the consent of the Government of Georgia;

P²) (removed - 16.03.2021, No. 338) (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;);

v) exercises state control over public schools and is responsible for the implementation of Georgian legislation in the field of general education. For this purpose, the Ministry is authorized to conduct financial audits of the aforementioned public schools in accordance with the procedure established by Georgian legislation;

(g) establishes out-of-school educational institutions in the form of a legal entity under public law or a non-entrepreneurial (non-commercial) legal entity under private law;

(k) Establishes a National Center for the Development of Education Quality;

1) Creates a legal entity under public law – the Educational and Scientific Infrastructure Development Agency ;

2) creates a legal entity of public law – the Education Management Information System;

3) establishes a legal entity of public law/legal entities of public law – the National Center/Centers for Teacher Professional Development ;

(h) establishes the rules for holding competitions for the selection of public school principals and teachers, the rules and conditions for the election of members of the Board of Trustees and the termination of their authority. The Ministry is authorized to establish the deadlines and rules for submitting and reviewing administrative complaints in connection with the competition for the selection of public school principals that differ from those provided for by the General Administrative Code of Georgia;

1) "On behalf of the National Center for Teacher Professional Development, a legal entity under public law, hereby approves:

Sh¹ .a) (removed - 28.11.2014, No. 2822 (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;);) ;

Ш1¹ .b) the professional standard of the teacher;

Sh¹ .g) (removed - 28.11.2014, No. 2822 (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)) ;

1.d) Code of Professional Ethics for Teachers;

Sh¹ .e) (removed - 11.07.2009, No. 1385 (/ka/document/view/89434#));

1.f) the procedure for registering teaching applicants and completing the probationary period, as well as the sample document confirming the completion of the probationary period and the procedure for its issuance;

Sh¹ .g) (removed - 28.11.2014, No. 2822 (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)) ;

Sh¹ .h) (removed - 28.11.2014, No. 2822 (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)) ;

1.i) Student Code of Conduct;

Ш1 .k) Director's Code of Ethics;

2) Approves the procedure for awarding the title of successful teacher and rewarding teachers;

(c) appoints a member of the Board of Trustees of a public school (except for a school established by the Ministry of Defense of Georgia) from the staffing list of the central office of the Ministry or the territorial bodies of the Ministry, and members of the Board of Trustees of public schools located in the territories of the Autonomous Republics of Abkhazia and Adjara – upon the nomination of the relevant Ministry authorized in the field of education, from the staffing list of its central office or territorial body;

c) establishes the minimum and maximum number of school days in public schools during the year, the minimum and maximum duration of holidays; is authorized to determine the time and duration of the end of the school year and holidays; determines exceptional cases;

1) Approves the rules for maintaining an electronic journal of a general educational institution ;

2) During an epidemic/pandemic · makes decisions on the suspension, resumption, and remote teaching of the educational process in general educational institutions of Georgia;

3) Takes measures for the functioning of medical service spaces (offices/points) in general educational institutions/schools of Georgia ;

4) Together with the Ministry of Internally Displaced Persons from the Occupied Territories of Georgia, the Ministry of Labor, Health and Social Protection approves the standard of activities of medical personnel of general educational institutions/schools of Georgia;

5) together with the Ministry of IDPs from the Occupied Territories of Georgia, Labor, Health and Social Protection · approves the rules for the functioning of medical service spaces (offices/points) in general educational institutions/schools of Georgia;

(removed - 17.03.2006, No. 2793 (/ka/document/view/25954#));

(s) establishes the rules for the registration of public school principals and members of elected bodies;

(g) with the participation of trade unions, establishes the minimum amount and conditions of remuneration for public school teachers, approves the mandatory conditions of employment contracts concluded by schools with teachers;

Ch¹) (removed - 28.11.2014, No. 2822 (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)) ; (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

2) Approves the procedure for starting and terminating a teacher's activity ;

x) plans activities to improve the qualifications of teachers in cooperation with professional unions;

j) approves the regulations and fees for registration of teacher professional development educational programs upon the recommendation of the National Center for Teacher Professional Development;

h) approves the form of the state document certifying general education; approves the procedure for issuing the state document certifying general education in agreement with the Ministry of Justice of Georgia;

H1) carries out the numbering of public schools and establishes the rules for assigning names to them ;

H2) is authorized to establish grants and scholarships to encourage especially talented students ;

H3) establishes the rules for recording students' personal data ;

H⁴) (removed - 02.03.2007, No. 4412) (/ka/document/view/23476#); (/ka/document/view/23476#)

H⁵) establishes a list of necessary documents to be submitted for enrolling a student in a general education institution;

h⁶) exercises other powers granted by the legislation of Georgia;

H⁷) approves the rules of disciplinary proceedings for teachers;

h⁸) is authorized to determine the fees for services provided/activities performed by legal entities under public law within the Ministry's system;

h⁹) is authorized to establish the terms and procedure for submitting and reviewing administrative complaints different from those provided for by the General Administrative Code of Georgia in relation to the examinations specified by the Minister's normative acts;

H10) is authorized to issue grants to a general education institution and/or teacher for the purpose of conducting educational, cultural, artistic, creative, sports, and cognitive activities for students and to approve the regulations for the grant competition ;

H11) approves the rules and conditions for maintaining security and public order in a general educational institution ;

H12) cooperates with the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia to exchange information and plan various preventive measures in order to maintain security and public order in the educational institution ;

H13) together with the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia · approves the rules for coordination and information exchange between the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia, the Ministry and the legal entity of public law - the Mandatory Service of an Educational Institution;

H14) is authorized to establish the deadlines and procedure for submitting and reviewing administrative complaints different from those provided for by the General Administrative Code of Georgia regarding the appeal of the results of the qualifying rounds of the International Educational Olympiad ;

15) In order to promote the socialization, rehabilitation and crime prevention of minors, in accordance with the rules approved by the Government of Georgia · cooperates with the Juvenile Referral Center (hereinafter referred to as the Juvenile Referral Center), a structural unit of the National Agency for Crime Prevention, Execution of Non-custodial Sentences and Probation, a legal entity of public law operating within the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Justice of Georgia;

H¹⁶) approves the register of legal entities whose foreign language certificate exempts a person from the obligation to successfully pass the relevant subject exam provided for by the legislation of Georgia in a foreign language in which the legal entity of public law - the National Center for Assessment and Examinations does not conduct the said exam. The relevant legal entity is entered in the specified register in accordance with the criteria determined by the normative act of the Minister;

H17) approves the rules for managing crisis situations in a general educational institution, which determine the protocol for responding to situations caused by violations of security and public order in a general educational institution, as well as acute behavioral difficulties;

H ¹⁸) Approves the professional standard of a psychologist working in the field of governance of the Ministry, which is a list of professional obligations, knowledge, skills and values that the said psychologist must meet.

2. In order to exercise the powers provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article, the Ministry shall, in accordance with the Law of Georgia "On the Structure, Powers and Rules of Activity of the Government of Georgia", create, transform and abolish its territorial bodies throughout the territory of Georgia, approve their regulations, appoint and dismiss the heads of these bodies and their deputies. The territorial bodies of the Ministry shall be financed from the state budget of Georgia.

3. (Retrieved – 09.03.2011, No. (/ka/document/view/1246930#) 4321)

4. The provisions of subparagraphs "o", "o 1 " and "t ⁵ " of paragraph 1 of this Article shall not apply to a general educational institution that provides military training, and the functions provided for in subparagraphs "n", "zh", "t ⁵ ", "q" and "sh" of the same paragraph shall be performed by the Ministry of Defense of Georgia in the said general educational institution.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 3986 of December 14, 2006 - GAZet I, No. 48, 22.12.2006, Art. 353 (/ka/document/view/25114#)

Law of Georgia No. 4129 of December 27, 2006 - Official Gazette I, No. 49, 29.12.2006, Art. 372 (/ka/document/view/25828#)

Law of Georgia No. 4530 of March 28, 2007 - JSC I, No. 15, 23.04.2007, Art. 119 (/ka/document/view/23620#)

Law of Georgia No. 497 of November 18, 2008 – GAZet I, No. 33, 01.12.2008, Art. 211 (/ka/document/view/1057887#)

Law of Georgia No. 790 of December 19, 2008 - Official Gazette I, No. 40, 29.12.2008, Art. 257 (/ka/document/view/19636#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 2079 of November 17, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 38, 01.12.2009, Art. 282 (/ka/document/view/90586#)

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 (/ka/document/view/92068#)

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)

Law of Georgia No. 3292 of July 2, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 37, 14.07.2010, Art. 223 (/ka/document/view/92668#)

Law of Georgia No. 3442 of July 16, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 44, 28.07.2010, Art. 273 (/ka/document/view/92920#)

Law of Georgia No. 3544 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 46, 04.08.2010, Art. 291 (/ka/document/view/93022#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Law of Georgia No. 4044 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 75, 27.12.2010, Art. 466 (/ka/document/view/1155471#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of February 22, 2011 – website, 10.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1232873#)

Law of Georgia No. 4321 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246930#)

Law of Georgia No. 4734 of June 3, 2011 - website, 22.06.2011 (/ka/document/view/1381592#)

Law of Georgia No. 5349 of November 25, 2011 - website, 06.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1522233#)

Law of Georgia No. 5511 of December 20, 2011 - website, 28.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1541576#)

Law of Georgia No. 5513 of December 20, 2011 - website, 28.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1541606#)

Law of Georgia No. 5666 of December 28, 2011 - website, 12.01.2012. (/ka/document/view/1558947#)

Law of Georgia No. 5741 of March 2, 2012 - website, 05.03.2012. (/ka/document/view/1602735#)

Law of Georgia No. 6428 of June 5, 2012 – website, 05.06.2012. (/ka/document/view/1667922#)

Law of Georgia No. 348 of March 20, 2013 – website, 28.03.2013. (/ka/document/view/1877157#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 918 of August 6, 2013 - website, 20.08.2013. (/ka/document/view/1987212#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3819 of June 27, 2015 – website, 03.07.2015. (/ka/document/view/2891381#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 5420 of June 10, 2016 - website, 17.06.2016. (/ka/document/view/3309589#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 5367 of June 8, 2016 - website, 24.06.2016. (/ka/document/view/3309668#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 494 of March 23, 2017 - website, 27.03.2017. (/ka/document/view/3615859#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 - website, 29.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 – website, 10.08.2018. (/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3439 of September 20, 2018 – website, 05.10.2018. (/ka/document/view/4328737#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3443 of September 20, 2018 – website, 09.10.2018. (/ka/document/view/4330820#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 4495 of April 8, 2019 – website, 11.04.2019. (/ka/document/view/4530427#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 4524 of April 19, 2019 – website, 24.04.2019. (/ka/document/view/4539328#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 5406 of November 29, 2019 – website, 10.12.2019. (/ka/document/view/4706009#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 6286 of June 12, 2020 – website, 15.06.2020. (/ka/document/view/4890677#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 417 of March 30, 2021 – website, 13.04.2021. (/ka/document/view/5136776#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 1465 of March 30, 2022 – Website, 06.04.2022. (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 1979 of November 2, 2022 – Website, 14.11.2022. (/ka/document/view/5601569#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2250 of December 1, 2022 – Website, 14.12.2022. (/ka/document/view/5625220#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3524 of September 21, 2023 – Website, 12.10.2023. (/ka/document/view/5877434#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3663 of November 15, 2023 – Website, 05.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5965473#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3999 of December 13, 2023 – website, 29.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/6002200#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 27. Powers of the Ministries of Georgia in the Field of General Education

1. In order to obtain the status of a general education institution that, along with general education, provides specialized artistic and sports training and education, the Ministry shall establish a legal entity under public law upon the recommendation of the relevant sectoral ministry. Specialized artistic and sports training and education above the national curriculum, including at the primary and basic levels of general education, shall be financed by the relevant sectoral ministry.

1. In order to obtain the status of general educational institutions that, along with general education, provide specialized artistic and sports training and education, the Ministry and, accordingly, the Ministry of Culture of Georgia or the Ministry of Sports of Georgia may jointly establish a non-entrepreneurial (non-commercial) legal entity under private law.

1². In order to obtain the status of a general educational institution that provides military training along with general education, the Ministry of Defense of Georgia establishes a legal entity under public law and exercises state control over it. This institution:

- a) will undergo authorization in accordance with the procedure established by the Minister;
- b) It is financed from the appropriations of the Ministry of Defense of Georgia in accordance with the procedure established by Article 22 of this Law.

13. Ministry of Defense of Georgia:

- a) Develop a special military training educational program for the institution provided for in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this article and ensure its implementation;
- b) means the director of the institution and/or military leader and teachers of a military subject/subject group, who may be both military servicemen and civilians, as provided for in paragraph 1² of this article.

2. The implementation of military, specialized artistic and sports educational programs above the national curriculum is supervised by the relevant ministry in accordance with the procedure provided for by the legislation of Georgia.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 3986 of December 14, 2006 - GAZet I, No. 48, 22.12.2006, Art. 353 (/ka/document/view/25114#)

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Law of Georgia No. 1631 of December 7, 2017 - website, 14.12.2017. (/ka/document/view/3883397#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 - website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 6905 of July 15, 2020 - website, 28.07.2020. (/ka/document/view/4917262#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 - website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 1465 of March 30, 2022 - Website, 06.04.2022. (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3524 of September 21, 2023 - Website, 12.10.2023. (/ka/document/view/5877434#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3825 of November 30, 2023 - Website, 15.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5983226#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 83 of December 12, 2024 - Website, 28.12.2024. (/ka/document/view/6366279#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 28. (removed)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 4734 of June 3, 2011 - Website, 22.06.2011 (/ka/document/view/1381592#)

Law of Georgia No. 5349 of November 25, 2011 - website, 06.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1522233#)

Article 28¹. National Center for Teacher Professional Development

1. The National Center for Teacher Professional Development is a legal entity under public law, the state control of which is exercised by the Ministry.

2. The functions of the National Center for Teacher Professional Development are:

- a) Recording of teachers' personal data in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia;
- b) Preparation of a teacher's professional standard;
- c) ensuring the preparation of a teacher's code of professional ethics with the participation of teachers' associations and organizations;
- d) Registration of vacancies for teachers and teaching applicants in general education institutions;
- e) Developing the rules for registering teaching candidates and completing the teaching candidate period, as well as the sample and rules for issuing the document confirming completion of the teaching candidate period;
- f) (removed - 28.11.2014, No. 2822 (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)) ;
- g) Development of a teacher professional development and career advancement scheme;
- h) Development of regulations for the registration of teacher professional development educational programs and implementation of the registration of teacher professional development educational programs;
- i) (removed - 11.07.2009, No. 1385 (/ka/document/view/89434#)) ;
- j) Participation in the professional development and career advancement of teachers in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia;
- k) (removed - 28.11.2014, No. 2822 (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)) ;
- l¹) Development of a student code of conduct and a principal code of ethics;
- m) Exercise other powers specified by the legislation of Georgia, including this Law.

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 (/ka/document/view/92068#)

Law of Georgia No. 3292 of July 2, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 37, 14.07.2010, Art. 223 (/ka/document/view/92668#)

Law of Georgia No. 918 of August 6, 2013 - website, 20.08.2013. (/ka/document/view/1987212#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 - website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3240 of July 20, 2018 - website, 10.08.2018. (/ka/document/view/4200002#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 - website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 28². Educational and Scientific Infrastructure Development Agency

1. The Educational and Scientific Infrastructure Development Agency is a legal entity under public law, the state control of which is exercised by the Ministry.”;

2. The functions of the Educational and Scientific Infrastructure Development Agency , a legal entity under public law, are:

a) Rehabilitation, construction, and provision of inventory and equipment to educational and scientific institutions within the Ministry's system within its competence;

b) Exercise of other powers stipulated by the regulations of the public legal entity - Educational and Scientific Infrastructure Development Agency.

Law of Georgia No. 4321 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246930#)

Law of Georgia No. 5511 of December 20, 2011 - website, 28.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1541576#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 6905 of July 15, 2020 – website, 28.07.2020. (/ka/document/view/4917262#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 28³. Education Management Information System

1. The Ministry shall create a legal entity of public law within its system – the Education Management Information System (hereinafter – the Education Management Information System) and shall exercise overall management of its activities and state control over it.

2. The functions of the education management information system are:

a) Promoting the development of the education system by forming a unified information and educational space within this system;

b) introduction of modern information technologies and promotion of the development of relevant infrastructure;

c) Creation and implementation of education management information systems in accordance with the procedure established by the Ministry to ensure automation of processes in the education system and collection, storage and administration of electronic data;

d) Providing information for management processes and producing statistics;

e) Ensuring the registration of personal data of pupils, pupils' parents, students/professional students, graduates and persons employed in the educational institution in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia;

f) Administration of the general education management information system; registration of the powers and termination of powers of another public school employee or member of the Board of Trustees in the general education management information system in the event of the inability of the director, acting director, director/acting director of a public school to exercise their powers, and in the event of the absence of the position of deputy director, in accordance with the procedure established by the Ministry;

g) Organizing and controlling the circulation of strict accounting documents and preparing for examination and utilization of unusable strict accounting documents;

h) Registration of persons who have been deprived of the right to work in a pedagogical and educational institution based on a legally binding court verdict and/or the legislation of Georgia;

i) Development of key indicators of the education system;

j) Formation of databases for issuing documents confirming complete general education and basic general education - certificates, documents confirming completion of secondary general education - certificates and their duplicates, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia;

k) Issuance of duplicates of documents certifying vocational education in accordance with the procedure established by the Ministry;

l) Exercise other powers stipulated by the Education Management Information System Regulations and the legislation of Georgia.

3. The Head of the Education Management Information System shall be appointed and dismissed by the Minister.

4. The Head of the Education Management Information System shall manage the activities of the Education Management Information System, be responsible for the fulfillment of the tasks of the Education Management Information System, and exercise other powers provided for by the Regulations of the Education Management Information System .

Law of Georgia No. 5511 of December 20, 2011 - website, 28.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1541576#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28 , 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3443 of September 20, 2018 – website, 09.10.2018. (/ka/document/view/4330820#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 29. Powers of the Ministries of Education of the Autonomous Republics of Abkhazia and Adjara in the Field of General Education

1. Ministry of Education of the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia, Ministry of Education of the Autonomous Republic of Adjara on the territory of the respective autonomous republic:

a) is the main link in the management of the general education system, carries out a unified state policy in the field of general education;

b) ensures the implementation of Georgian legislation in the field of general education;

c) organizes the implementation of national curricula;

d) Ensures compliance of all general education institutions with the norms established by the Ministry in accordance with the regulations approved by the Ministry;

e) (removed - 17.03.2006, No. 2793 (/ka/document/view/25954#)) ;

f) Conducts evaluations of general education institutions in accordance with the rules established by the Ministry;

g) submits the statutes of general education, extracurricular educational and childcare institutions to the Ministry for approval;

g¹) establishes out-of-school educational institutions in the form of a private law non-entrepreneurial (non-commercial) legal entity;

h) Registers the authority and termination of authority of the public school principal, acting principal, in case of impossibility of the director/acting principal to exercise his/her authority, and in case of absence of the position of deputy principal, in case of other school employees, in accordance with the procedure established by this Law and the by-laws in force in the field of general education, and sends the

said data to the education management information system for registration. Registration of data in the education management information system results in their entry into force;

i) implements financing of general education in accordance with the procedure provided for by this Law;

j) Conducts a competition for the selection of a public school principal ;

J¹) issues consent to the school principal going on leave; within the scope of discretionary authority, makes a decision on his/her recall from leave;

K²) Submits a candidacy for appointment to the Ministry as a member of the Board of Trustees of a public school; submits a proposal to the Ministry regarding his/her dismissal from the Board of Trustees;

k) is authorized to dismiss the Board of Trustees of a public school without warning if it illegally dismisses the director, which is confirmed by a relevant court decision that has entered into legal force;

m) (removed - 21.07.2010, No. 3530 (/ka/document/view/93094#));

m¹) is authorized to appoint and dismiss the Acting Director in the cases provided for in Article 34, Paragraph 3, Article 41, Paragraph 4 and Article 44, Paragraph 3 of this Law, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia;

n) Request materials and information or conduct an on-site inspection of the public school's compliance with Georgian legislation;

n) (removed - 27.12.2006, No. 4129 (/ka/document/view/25828#));

P) (removed - 27.12.2006, No. 4129 (/ka/document/view/25828#));

p) In accordance with the rules established by the Ministry, collects the report on the activities of the public school for the past year on compliance with the legislation of Georgia, the educational process and financial activities;

q) exercises other powers specified by the legislation of Georgia, including this Law.

2. The Ministry of Education of the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia or Adjara is authorized to establish, transform and abolish its territorial bodies throughout the territory of the respective autonomous republic, approve their regulations, appoint and dismiss their heads and deputies, in order to exercise the powers provided for in paragraph 1 of this article.

3. If the legislation of Georgia and the relevant autonomous republic on the Autonomous Republics of Abkhazia and Adjara does not provide for the existence of a Ministry of Education, the powers provided for in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article shall be exercised by the Ministry in accordance with the procedure established by this Law.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 3986 of December 14, 2006 - GAZet I, No. 48, 22.12.2006, Art. 353 (/ka/document/view/25114#)

Law of Georgia No. 4129 of December 27, 2006 - Official Gazette I, No. 49, 29.12.2006, Art. 372 (/ka/document/view/25828#)

Law of Georgia No. 497 of November 18, 2008 – GAZet I, No. 33, 01.12.2008, Art. 211 (/ka/document/view/1057887#)

Law of Georgia No. 790 of December 19, 2008 - Official Gazette I, No. 40, 29.12.2008, Art. 257 (/ka/document/view/19636#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Law of Georgia No. 4044 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 75, 27.12.2010, Art. 466 (/ka/document/view/1155471#)

Law of Georgia No. 4734 of June 3, 2011 - Website, 22.06.2011 (/ka/document/view/1381592#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 1227 of July 26, 2017 - website, 28.07.2017. (/ka/document/view/3753791#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 30. Removed

Law of Georgia No. 3986 of December 14, 2006 - GAZet I, No. 48, 22.12.2006, Art. 353 (/ka/document/view/25114#)

Law of Georgia No. 5951 of March 19, 2008 – JSC I, No. 8, 28.03.2008, Art. 54 (/ka/document/view/20914#)

Law of Georgia No. 5367 of June 8, 2016 - website, 24.06.2016. (/ka/document/view/3309668#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 494 of March 23, 2017 - website, 27.03.2017. (/ka/document/view/3615859#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 6905 of July 15, 2020 – website, 28.07.2020. (/ka/document/view/4917262#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter V. Legal Basis for the Activities of a General Educational Institution

Article 31. Organizational and legal form of a general educational institution

1. A general educational institution/school is a legal entity under public law or a commercial or non-commercial legal entity under private law established on the basis of the Law of Georgia "On Legal Entities under Public Law". (/ka/document/view/19204#)

1¹ A legal entity under private law is authorized to carry out general educational activities in accordance with the procedure established by law, without the creation of another independent legal entity .

2. A general education institution provides general education at the primary and/or basic and/or secondary levels.

3. (Removed - 21.07.2010, No. (/ka/document/view/93094#) 3530)

4. (Removed - 21.07.2010, No. (/ka/document/view/93094#) 3530)

5. (Removed - 21.07.2010, No. (/ka/document/view/93094#) 3530)

6. The relevant provisions of Chapters I-IV of this Law, this Chapter, and Chapters XI¹ and XII shall apply to private schools .

7. (Removed - 21.07.2010, No. (/ka/document/view/93094#) 3530)

8. The Ministry is authorized to establish for the legal entity of public law provided for in subparagraph "N 2 " of paragraph 1 of Article 26 of this Law a different management rule, structure, state control, requirements for human resources (including the director and teacher) than those provided for in the same law for a public school, as well as to determine the rules and conditions of financing different from those provided for in this Law.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 4530 of March 28, 2007 - JSC I, No. 15, 23.04.2007, Art. 119 (/ka/document/view/23620#)

Law of Georgia No. 2380 of December 18, 2009 - JSC I, No. 48, 29.12.2009, Art. 365 (/ka/document/view/91090#)
Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)
Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 1465 of March 30, 2022 – Website, 06.04.2022. (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 31¹. Types of general educational institutions

The Ministry determines the types of general education institutions, taking into account the requirements for financing, management rules, structural units, school curriculum, state control, and human resources (including the director and teachers).

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 32. Authorization of a general educational institution

1. As a result of authorization, a legal entity acquires the status of a general educational institution and is authorized to issue a document certifying general education recognized by the state.

2. The standards for the authorization of a general education institution are determined by the Regulation on the Authorization of Educational Institutions.

3. The authorization period for a general education institution is 9 years.

4. For the purposes of authorization of a general education institution, independent general education programs are:

- a) General education program of the primary level of general education;
- b) General education program of the basic level of general education;
- c) General education program of the secondary level of general education;
- d) General education program implemented in a foreign language;
- e) General education program implemented in various municipalities.

5. A general education institution is authorized to implement only the general education program specified in the authorization application, as well as the general education program that it has acquired the right to implement during the authorization period, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.

6. A general education institution is authorized, without establishing an independent legal entity, to implement only a basic vocational education program, a secondary vocational education program, a state language training program, a vocational training program and/or a vocational retraining program. A general education institution established in the form of a private law legal entity is also authorized, without establishing an independent legal entity, to obtain the right to implement a preschool education program/school readiness program.

7. For general educational institutions established by the state or with its participation, including general educational institutions provided for in Article 27 of this Law, the Ministry may determine different authorization conditions by the Regulation on Authorization of Educational Institutions.

8. In the event of cancellation of authorization for a general education institution, the educational program of a student of the general education institution shall be considered completed at the relevant moment.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)
Law of Georgia No. 4129 of December 27, 2006 - Official Gazette I, No. 49, 29.12.2006, Art. 372 (/ka/document/view/25828#)
Law of Georgia No. 4530 of March 28, 2007 - JSC I, No. 15, 23.04.2007, Art. 119 (/ka/document/view/23620#)
Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)
Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)
Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)
Law of Georgia No. 348 of March 20, 2013 – website, 28.03.2013. (/ka/document/view/1877157#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 4785 of February 19, 2016 - website, 07.03.2016. (/ka/document/view/3204187#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 1465 of March 30, 2022 – Website, 06.04.2022. (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 3959 of December 15, 2023 – Website, 25.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/6002206#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 33. Obligations and powers of a general educational institution

1. A general educational institution is obliged to:

- a) Provide students with an education that meets modern requirements and is based on national and universal values, the principles of a healthy lifestyle, democracy, and equality;
- b) create all the necessary conditions for the educational process;
- b¹) facilitate the effective transition of the individual/student;
- c) follow the national curriculum established for general education institutions;
- d) Carry out general educational activities with approved textbooks and/or textbooks that comply with the standards set by the National Curriculum and are agreed upon with the Ministry. The procedure and deadlines for agreeing on textbooks with the Ministry are determined by an individual administrative-legal act of the Minister;
- e) Ensure the implementation of health care measures for IDPs from the occupied territories of Georgia, together with the Ministry of Labor, Health and Social Affairs;
- e¹) To ensure the health protection of students and their comprehensive development, create appropriate conditions for the functioning of a medical service space (office/point) in a general educational institution/school;
- f) Create the opportunity to receive general education through alternative forms, taking into account the age groups of students, separating them from other students of the relevant level;
- g) create conditions for the implementation of inclusive education;
- h) not allow the teaching of an unscientific view or theory as a scientific theory or fact;

- i) have internal quality assurance mechanisms;
 - j) ensure the safety of students on school grounds during school hours;
 - k) To admit a teacher candidate to the school in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia;
 - m) submit to the legal entity of public law – the National Center for Teacher Professional Development, personal data of teachers employed in general education institutions, as well as information about vacancies for teachers and teaching applicants at the school, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia;
 - n) to promote, within the resources available to it, the professional development of teachers, including by financing or co-financing the costs of their participation in professional training programs;
 - n) Ensure the implementation of measures provided for by Georgian legislation within the framework of the system of professional orientation, counseling and career planning in formal education.
2. A general education institution is authorized to:
- a) To the extent possible, provide transportation services for students who are unable to travel to and from school independently;
 - b) require teachers, other employees, students and their parents of this institution to comply with the requirements established by the legislation of Georgia and the charter of the institution;
 - c) (removed - 29.06.2018, No. 2753) (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;);
 - d) cooperate with other schools and public organizations to achieve the goals of this law;
 - e) ensure the creation of safe eating conditions on the territory of the general educational institution/school;
 - f) Provide students with a school library that is based on pluralism of opinions and ensures the student's all-round development, assimilation of the country's identity, national and universal values, and cultural diversity;
 - g) Take measures to increase the teacher's remuneration in accordance with the level of his/her professional development;
 - h) (removed - 21.07.2010, №3530 (/ka/document/view/93094#)) . (/ka/document/view/93094#)

3. A public school has the right, in agreement with parents, to offer students additional paid educational services provided for by the National Curriculum if:

- a) The relevant student will not be provided with this service by a teacher employed at the same school;
- b) This service does not take the form of a lesson;
- c) The relevant student will not be provided with this service during the educational process, within the necessary workload provided for by the school curriculum.

4. A public school has the right to provide students with additional educational and educational services, including paid services, not provided for in the national curriculum. A public school is obliged to ensure equal access to such services for all students of the institution.

5. The resource school, as provided for in Article 2, Subparagraph "Ch ^{7.a} " of this Law, is authorized to implement programs/services, provide consultations to other schools, students with special educational needs, their parents, teachers, special teachers, the resource school administration and other employees, in order to promote/support the inclusive education process.

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 4530 of March 28, 2007 - JSC I, No. 15, 23.04.2007, Art. 119 (/ka/document/view/23620#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 (/ka/document/view/92068#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 4734 of June 3, 2011 - Website, 22.06.2011 (/ka/document/view/1381592#)

Law of Georgia No. 5349 of November 25, 2011 - website, 06.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1522233#)

Law of Georgia No. 918 of August 6, 2013 - website, 20.08.2013. (/ka/document/view/1987212#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3443 of September 20, 2018 – website, 09.10.2018. (/ka/document/view/4330820#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 6905 of July 15, 2020 – website, 28.07.2020. (/ka/document/view/4917262#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 417 of March 30, 2021 – website, 13.04.2021. (/ka/document/view/5136776#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 1465 of March 30, 2022 – Website, 06.04.2022. (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2250 of December 1, 2022 – Website, 14.12.2022. (/ka/document/view/5625220#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3663 of November 15, 2023 – Website, 05.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5965473#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 33 ¹. Restrictions imposed on personnel

A person convicted of a crime against sexual freedom and inviolability as provided for in the Law of Georgia "On Combating Crimes Against Sexual Freedom and Inviolability" may not be employed in a general educational institution, regardless of the expungement or acquittal of the conviction.

Law of Georgia No. 5755 of March 17, 2020 – website, 23.03.2020. (/ka/document/view/4784317#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 33 ². Rights and obligations of a private school towards a student

1. A private school is obligated to have a student complete the current academic semester in the event of financial debt.
2. A private school is authorized to terminate the student status of a student with financial debt after the end of the current academic semester, within a reasonable period of time before the beginning of the next academic semester, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia, in order to ensure the student's unhindered mobility.
3. A private school is obliged to immediately warn the student's legal representative in writing of the occurrence of a financial debt and set a reasonable deadline for him to fulfill the relevant obligation, as well as explain the consequences of failure to fulfill this obligation.
4. A private school is obliged to notify the Ministry and the student's legal representative in writing of this decision no later than the day following the decision to terminate the student's student status.
- ~~5. In the event of termination of a student's student status on the grounds provided for in paragraph 2 of this Article, the private school is~~ obliged to transfer the student's personal file and the documentation required for enrollment in another school to the student's receiving school on the next business day after receiving the relevant request.

6. In the event of a student's mobility to another school at the request of the student's legal representative, a private school is obliged to transfer the student's personal file and the documentation to be submitted for enrollment to another school to the student's receiving school within 3 working days of receiving the relevant request and submitting the relevant application by the student's legal representative, and also to refund the student's legal representative the prepaid tuition fee (if any) within 5 working days.

7. Failure by a private school to comply with paragraphs 3-6 of this article shall be grounds for revoking its authorization.

8. In the event that a student's student status is terminated on the grounds provided for in paragraph 2 of this Article and he/she does not continue his/her studies at another private school, the Ministry shall, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia, ensure the student's access to education at a public school before the beginning of the next academic semester, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.

Law of Georgia No. 463 of April 27, 2021 – website, 04.05.2021. (/ka/document/view/5157010#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 34. Reorganization and liquidation of a general educational institution

1. The reorganization or liquidation of a public school is carried out by its founder:

- a) if the activities of the institution are unconstitutional;
- b) If it is necessary to optimize the physical and/or human resources of the institution;
- c) if the institution has essentially switched to entrepreneurial activity;
- d) (removed - 11.07.2009, No. 1385 (/ka/document/view/89434#)) ;
- e) in other cases provided for by the legislation of Georgia.

2. The reorganization and liquidation of a private school shall be carried out in accordance with the legislation of Georgia.

3. Reorganization of a public school, accompanied by the merger/addition of public schools or the division/separation of one public school, as well as the liquidation of a public school, shall result in the termination of the powers of the management bodies of the reorganized and liquidated public schools. The Minister shall, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia, appoint an acting director in the reorganized public school, prior to the election of the director, who shall be authorized to exercise the powers of the board of trustees until the election of the board of trustees, except for cases determined by the Ministry.

Law of Georgia No. 4129 of December 27, 2006 - Official Gazette I, No. 49, 29.12.2006, Art. 372 (/ka/document/view/25828#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 34¹. Implementation of a general education program recognized abroad in Georgia

1. Only those general education programs recognized abroad for which the National Center for the Development of Educational Quality has signed an agreement with an authorized institution of a foreign country are permitted to be implemented in Georgia.

2. The procedure and conditions for concluding an agreement by the National Center for the Development of Education Quality, as provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article, shall be determined by the procedure and conditions for concluding an agreement by the National Center for the Development of Education Quality with an authorized institution of a foreign country, approved by a resolution of the Government of Georgia, which provides for the recognition of a general education program recognized abroad.

3. A legal entity established in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia, to which the requirements provided for by this Law for general education institutions do not apply, except for cases of direct reference to a general education program recognized abroad in this Law and Chapters II and XI¹ of this Law, has the right to implement a general education program recognized abroad in Georgia. In addition, Articles 9 and 21 of this Law shall apply to the legal entity defined by this paragraph, taking into account their content.

4. The document certifying education issued as a result of completing a general education program recognized abroad and implemented in Georgia is equivalent to a document certifying complete general education and gives the right to continue studies at a later level of education, and does not require apostille certification or legalization.

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3959 of December 15, 2023 – Website, 25.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/6002206#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter VI. Principles of Management of a General Educational Institution

Article 35. Responsibility and structure

1. The director of this public school, the relevant structural unit and/or a member of the structural unit are responsible, within the scope of their competence, for the implementation of the national curriculum, the legislation of Georgia in the field of general education, and individual administrative-legal acts of the Ministry, for the educational process and targeted spending of funds by a public school.

2. The structure of a general education institution includes a pedagogical council, a board of trustees, a management board, student self-government and a disciplinary committee. The statute may provide for the existence of an appeal committee for the purpose of appealing the decisions of the disciplinary committee.

2¹. Each structural unit of a public school defined in paragraph 2 of this article is responsible for decisions made within its competence.

3. In a general educational institution that:

a) provides specialized artistic education and training; the statute may provide for the position of artistic director, the procedure for his election/appointment and powers shall be determined by this Law and the statute of the institution;

b) carries out military training, the statute may provide for:

b.a) The existence of the position of military chief. The procedure for his appointment and authority shall be determined by this law and the statute of the said institution;

B.B) Different structure.

4. Public school management is carried out on the basis of the principles of publicity and transparency.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3524 of September 21, 2023 – Website, 12.10.2023. (/ka/document/view/5877434#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 36. Conflict of Interest

1. A member of the Board of Trustees may not be a member of the school's management . A person who has an employment relationship with the same school as a parent of a student may not be a member of the Board of Trustees .

2. Legal entities under private law that implement general education , higher and / or vocational education programs may not use real estate owned by legal entities under public law implementing these programs .

2¹. The effect of paragraph 2 of this article does not apply to a legal entity under public law - an artistic/sports higher educational institution and a non-profit (non-commercial) legal entity - a general educational institution, which implement the teaching of extracurricular artistic/sports educational programs defined in paragraph 5 of Article 11 of the Law of Georgia "On Higher Education" . (/ka/document/view/32830#part_17)

3. The other party to a contract (other than an employment contract) concluded by a public school may not be the school principal, another member of the management board, a member of the board of trustees, or a close relative of these persons. For the purposes of this Law, "close relative" means a person defined in subparagraph "b" of Article 4 of the Law of Georgia "On Combating Corruption".

4. The consent of the Board of Trustees is required for the conclusion of an employment contract between the principal of a public school and his/her close relative. If a member of the Board of Trustees is a close relative of the other party to the contract, he/she shall not participate in the vote.

5. Members of the Board of Trustees, Disciplinary Committee, and Appeals Committee of a public school may not be close relatives of each other. Exceptions may be made with the consent of the Ministry in public schools with a small contingent.

6. Members of the public school board may not be close relatives of each other. Exceptions may be made with the consent of the Ministry in public schools with a small contingent.

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 5609 of December 14, 2007 - GAZet I, No. 46, 24.12.2007, Art. 400 (/ka/document/view/20242#)

Law of Georgia No. 497 of November 18, 2008 – GAZet I, No. 33, 01.12.2008, Art. 211 (/ka/document/view/1057887#)

Law of Georgia No. 2380 of December 18, 2009 - JSC I, No. 48, 29.12.2009, Art. 365 (/ka/document/view/91090#)

Law of Georgia No. 4356 of October 27 , 2015 - website, 11.11 . 2015 (/ka/document/view/3008794#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 134 of December 21, 2016 - website, 28.12.2016. (/ka/document/view/3503955#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2218 of November 30, 2022 – Website, 15.12.2022. (/ka/document/view/5624610#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter VII. Board of Trustees of a General Educational Institution

Article 37. Board of Trustees

1. The Board of Trustees shall consist of no less than 6 and no more than 12 representatives elected in equal numbers by the parents and the pedagogical council for a term of 3 years, 1 representative elected by the self-government of secondary school students and 1 member appointed by the Ministry, and in a general education institution that provides military training, 1 member appointed by the Ministry of Defense of Georgia. The municipality is authorized to appoint 1 member to the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees may include 1 member elected by the Board of Trustees from among persons who have provided charitable services to the school (if any). When determining the number of members of the Board of Trustees, an exception may be made for a school with a small contingent with the consent of the Ministry. The members of the Board of Trustees elected by parents must equally represent each level of general education in the school. A person may be elected as a member of the Board of Trustees only twice in a row.

1¹. The term of office of the Board of Trustees is 3 years.

2. The number of members of the Board of Trustees elected from among the parents and the Pedagogical Council is determined by the school charter.

3. The Ministry has the right to send a representative to the Board of Trustees, who has the right to a deliberative vote.

4. The relevant body of the Ministry and the municipality have the right to recall their representatives from the Board of Trustees at any time.

5. The Board of Trustees is headed by the Chairman of the Board, who convenes and chairs the meetings of the Board. He/She represents the school in relations with the director. The Chairman of the Board is elected alternately from among the members elected by the parents and the pedagogical council and from the representative of the municipality for no longer than the term of their authority. A member of the Board of Trustees - a representative of the student self-government cannot be elected as the Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

5¹. The right to convene an extraordinary meeting of the Board of Trustees shall be vested in at least one third of the Board of Trustees' list members or a representative appointed by the Ministry in the Board of Trustees, as provided for in subparagraph "ch" of paragraph 1 of Article 26 of this Law. In the event of the absence of the Chairman of the Board of Trustees at an extraordinary meeting of the Board of Trustees, the Board of Trustees shall be vested with the right to elect a Chairman of the meeting by a majority of the list members, who shall exercise the powers of the Chairman of the Board of Trustees at this extraordinary meeting.

6. In the event of an equal distribution of votes, the vote of the Chairman of the Board of Trustees shall be decisive.

7. The Board of Trustees meets at least 3 times during the academic year, at the beginning of each term.

Law of Georgia No. 5951 of March 19, 2008 – JSC I, No. 8, 28.03.2008, Art. 54 (/ka/document/view/20914#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)

Law of Georgia No. 3442 of July 16, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 44, 28.07.2010, Art. 273 (/ka/document/view/92920#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 6905 of July 15, 2020 – website, 28.07.2020. (/ka/document/view/4917262#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3524 of September 21, 2023 – Website, 12.10.2023. (/ka/document/view/5877434#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 38. Functions of the Board of Trustees

1. Board of Trustees:

- a) elects the school principal by a majority of the list of members, as established by Article 42 of this Law, and the school principal is registered in the education management information system. This rule does not apply to a general education institution that provides military training;
- b) approves the school budget upon the proposal of the school director, as well as approves the annual report prepared by the school director and ensures its publicity. The budget of a general education institution that provides military training is approved by the Ministry of Defense of Georgia, and the draft budget is developed by the director of this institution and the Board of Trustees;
- c) Approves the school's internal regulations, upon the proposal of the school principal, which exhaustively defines the list of disciplinary offenses and the disciplinary sanctions provided for them, as well as the conditions for transferring from school;
- d) Expresses its consent to the school curriculum developed by the Pedagogical Council, educational materials, including the list of approved textbooks selected by teachers and used during the school year;
- e) Controls the spending of funds and the disposal of property by the school management;
- f) is authorized to terminate the contract with the school principal in case of violation of the requirements stipulated in the labor contract and Georgian legislation;
- g) Keeps and records the ballots and protocols of the elections of parents' and teachers' council representatives to the Board of Trustees;
- h) Considers complaints and takes appropriate measures in accordance with the rules stipulated by the school charter;
- i) is authorized to instruct the school principal to apply to the legal entity of public law – the National Center for Assessment and Examinations – and to conclude a relevant agreement in order to conduct the final exams of the academic year in accordance with the National Curriculum;
- j) is authorized to request the school principal to terminate the employment contract of a teacher early in the event of violation of the terms of the contract, commission of an action inappropriate for educational activities, and in other cases provided for by law;
- k) In order to review disciplinary offenses, the school shall elect a disciplinary committee, consisting of an equal number of teachers, parents and secondary school students, in accordance with the rules provided for in the school charter. The Board of Trustees shall be authorized to review complaints against the decisions of the disciplinary committee itself or to establish an appeal committee in accordance with the rules provided for in the school charter. The appeal committee and the Board of Trustees shall also review complaints concerning decisions made by the director on disciplinary offenses. It is not permissible to convene a special composition of the disciplinary committee or the appeal committee for the purpose of reviewing a specific case;
- l) Approves the draft school charter presented by the school principal;
- n) If there are grounds for termination of the authority of a member of the Board of Trustees, he/she shall make a decision on the early termination of the authority of a member of the Board of Trustees.

2. The Board of Trustees shall make decisions provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article (except for subparagraph “f” of paragraph 1) by a majority of the list of members, and decisions provided for in subparagraph “f” of paragraph 1 – by at least two-thirds of the list of members.

3. Subparagraphs “a”, “b” (except for the functions related to the annual report and the second sentence of subparagraph “b”) and “f” of paragraph 1 of this Article shall not apply to a general education institution that provides military training.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 4530 of March 28, 2007 - JSC I, No. 15, 23.04.2007, Art. 119 (/ka/document/view/23620#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 4734 of June 3, 2011 - Website, 22.06.2011 (/ka/document/view/1381592#)

Law of Georgia No. 5349 of November 25, 2011 - website, 06.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1522233#)

Law of Georgia No. 918 of August 6, 2013 - website, 20.08.2013. (/ka/document/view/1987212#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3524 of September 21, 2023 – Website, 12.10.2023. (/ka/document/view/5877434#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 39. Procedure for electing the Board of Trustees

1. Equal numbers of representatives of the Parent and Pedagogical Councils, as well as a representative of the secondary school student self-government, shall be elected to the Board of Trustees.

2. The Ministry shall establish the procedure for electing the Board of Trustees. Elections to the Board of Trustees shall be held on the basis of equality, by secret ballot, in compliance with the principles of transparency and equal representation of parents of students by grade level.

3. The Ministry is authorized to establish the terms and procedure for submitting and considering administrative complaints regarding the elections of the Board of Trustees that differ from those provided for by the General Administrative Code of Georgia. The decisions of the Ministry regarding the elections of the Board of Trustees shall be appealed in court, and their appeal shall not result in the suspension of the validity of the disputed acts.

4. The results of the elections to the Board of Trustees shall enter into force from the moment of their registration in accordance with the rules established by the Ministry.

Law of Georgia No. 4129 of December 27, 2006 - Official Gazette I, No. 49, 29.12.2006, Art. 372 (/ka/document/view/25828#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 40. Termination of Authority of a Member of the Board of Trustees and the Board of Trustees

1. The authority of a member of the Board of Trustees shall be terminated if:

- a) The Pedagogical Council has terminated the authority of a member of the Board of Trustees as its representative on the Board;
- b) A member of the Board of Trustees, as a representative of the Pedagogical Council, has had his employment relationship with the school terminated;

- c) A student, whose representative is a member of the Board of Trustees, has been expelled/expelled from school, has had his/her student status suspended, or has moved to a later level of general education;
- c¹) The student self-government representative was expelled/expelled from school or had his/her student status suspended;
- d) (removed - 29.06.2018, No. 2753) (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1:);
- e) This is requested by 1/3 of the parents of students of the relevant school level, based on the principle: "one student – one vote";
- f) A member of the Board of Trustees has died;
- g) A member of the Board of Trustees has his/her authority revoked based on a personal statement;
- h) a court verdict of conviction against a member of the Board of Trustees has entered into force;
- i) a member of the Board of Trustees has been declared missing by a court, declared dead, or recognized as a recipient of support, unless otherwise determined by a court decision;
- j) An employment relationship has arisen between a member of the Board of Trustees, as a parent of a student, and the public school;
- k) A member of the Board of Trustees became a member of the public school board.
2. The vacated seat of a member of the Board of Trustees shall be filled for the remaining term by the parent and/or member of the Pedagogical Council who received more votes than other candidates in the relevant elections, but not enough to be elected to the Board.
3. The authority of the Board of Trustees shall be terminated:
- a) In the case of a reorganization of a public school, accompanied by the merger/addition of public schools or the division/separation of one public school;
- a¹) Upon expiration of the 3-year term of office of the Board of Trustees;
- b) in the case provided for in subparagraph "j" of paragraph 1 of Article 26 of this Law, by decision of the Ministry;
- c) In case of failure to fulfill the functions assigned to the Board of Trustees by the legislation of Georgia, by decision of the Ministry.
4. A general educational institution is obliged to electronically submit documents confirming the existence of the grounds provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article to the education management information system in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.
5. A member of the Board of Trustees whose authority has been terminated shall have his authority as a member of the Board of Trustees restored if the grounds provided for in subparagraph "c" of paragraph 1 of this Article have been revoked.
6. The authority of the Board of Trustees shall be terminated if the authority of more than half of the elected members has been terminated early and there is no other candidate who received more votes than another candidate in the relevant elections, but not enough to be elected as a member of the Board, or this candidate no longer meets the requirements established by the legislation of Georgia for a candidate for membership of the relevant category of the Board of Trustees, or he has refused to be a member of the Board of Trustees in writing.
7. The powers of the Board of Trustees whose powers have been suspended shall be restored if elections to the Board of Trustees are held in accordance with the rules established by the Ministry for the vacant seats of those members of the Board of Trustees whose powers have been terminated prematurely.
- Law of Georgia No. 4129 of December 27, 2006 - Official Gazette I, No. 49, 29.12.2006, Art. 372 (/ka/document/view/25828#)*
- Law of Georgia No. 497 of November 18, 2008 – GAZet I, No. 33, 01.12.2008, Art. 211 (/ka/document/view/1057887#)*
- Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)*
- Law of Georgia No. 4321 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246930#)*
- Law of Georgia No. 5511 of December 20, 2011 - website, 28.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1541576#)*
- Law of Georgia No. 551 of December 20, 2011 3 - Website, 28.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1541606#)*
- Law of Georgia No. 3372 of March 20, 2015 - website, 31.03.2015. (/ka/document/view/2785228#DOCUMENT:1:)*
- Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1:)*
- Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1:)*
- Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1:)*

Chapter VIII. Directorate of a General Educational Institution

Article 41. Directorate

1. The school management consists of the school principal, his/her deputy(s) and the accounting department.
2. A Georgian citizen elected or appointed in accordance with this Law, who has a higher education, 3 years of work experience and meets the requirements established by the legislation of Georgia, may be appointed as a director. A director is elected/appointed for a term of 6 years. A person may be elected/appointed as a director of one school only twice in a row.
- 2¹. The institution provided for in paragraph 1² of Article 27 of this Law :
- a) The Director may be a military serviceman appointed to and dismissed from office by the Minister of Defense of Georgia. The rights and obligations established for the Director by Chapter VIII of this Law shall not apply to him, except for the functions provided for in Article 43 of the same Chapter;
- b) The appointment and dismissal of the director, acting director, including the acting deputy director, and in the absence of the position of deputy director - of the school employee who will perform the duties of the director/acting director in the event of his/her inability to exercise his/her authority, shall be registered in the education management information system.
2. The Director/Acting Director may not be a person convicted of an intentional crime and whose conviction has not been expunged.
3. The director/acting director shall appoint the deputy director, and in the absence of the position of deputy director – the school employee who will perform the duties of the director in the event of the director/acting director being unable to exercise his/her authority, and shall send this data to the education management information system for registration.
- 3¹. The Director/Acting Director is authorized to assign the duties of the Director to another school employee in the event that the Deputy Director is on vacation or on a business trip, is temporarily incapacitated, or if the Deputy Director's position is vacant.
4. The Minister is authorized to appoint and dismiss an acting director in the event of termination of the director's authority or the director's inability to exercise his authority for 60 school days. ~~Until the appointment of an acting director, the functions of the director shall be performed by a person registered in the education management information system in accordance with the procedure established by paragraph 3 of this article.~~

4¹. The election of a director or the appointment of a director/acting director shall result in the early termination of the powers of the deputy director/deputies.

5. The position of director is incompatible with any other paid activity in the same school. As an exception, the director, if he/she has the right to carry out pedagogical activities in accordance with the legislation of Georgia, is authorized to engage in pedagogical activities in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation.

6. In a general education institution that provides specialized artistic education and training, the artistic director of the institution may exercise the authority of the director.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 497 of November 18, 2008 – GAZet I, No. 33, 01.12.2008, Art. 211 (/ka/document/view/1057887#)

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)

Law of Georgia No. 3442 of July 16, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 44, 28.07.2010, Art. 273 (/ka/document/view/92920#)

Law of Georgia No. 4321 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246930#)

Law of Georgia No. 4488 of April 5, 2011 - website, 15.04.2011. (/ka/document/view/1298420#)

Law of Georgia No. 4791 of June 17, 2011 - website, 28.06.2011. (/ka/document/view/1387330#)

Law of Georgia No. 5511 of December 20, 2011 - website, 28.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1541576#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of May 29, 2024 – website, 13.06.2024. (/ka/document/view/6178490#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 42. Procedure for electing a director

1. The Ministry shall select the candidate for the position of director of a public school in accordance with the rules established by the Ministry, on the basis of an open competition, in compliance with the principles of transparency, equality and fair competition.

1¹. In order to ensure the conduct of the competition for the position of public school principal, the Ministry is authorized to establish a fee for participation in the competition.

2. The Board of Trustees shall elect the Director from among the candidates for Director nominated by the Ministry and submitted to the competition by a majority of the list members, by secret ballot, on the basis of free and equal elections.

2¹. Disputed acts related to the director's competition are subject to appeal in court, and the appeal does not suspend their validity.

3. If a candidate for directorship is a member of the Board of Trustees, he or she shall not participate in the vote.

4. The protocol of the election of the director by the Board of Trustees and a copy of the identity card of the elected person shall be submitted for registration to the Education Management Information System. The authority of the director shall arise from the moment of registration in the Education Management Information System. The decision of the Education Management Information System on the registration of the director shall be appealed in court, and its appeal shall not result in the suspension of the validity of the disputed act.

5. The Board of Trustees shall conclude an employment contract with the elected director in accordance with the terms of the contract approved by the Ministry.

6. In the event that the Board of Trustees fails to elect a director in accordance with the rules of the competition for the selection of a public school director, the Ministry is authorized to appoint a director within the scope of its discretionary powers. The Ministry's decision on the appointment of a director is subject to appeal in court, and its appeal does not suspend the validity of the disputed act.

7. (Removed - 05.04.2011, No. 4488 (/ka/document/view/1298420#)).

Law of Georgia No. 4129 of December 27, 2006 - Official Gazette I, No. 49, 29.12.2006, Art. 372 (/ka/document/view/25828#)

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 790 of December 19, 2008 - Official Gazette I, No. 40, 29.12.2008, Art. 257 (/ka/document/view/19636#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 3442 of July 16, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 44, 28.07.2010, Art. 273 (/ka/document/view/92920#)

Law of Georgia No. 4321 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246930#)

Law of Georgia No. 4488 of April 5, 2011 - website, 15.04.2011. (/ka/document/view/1298420#)

Law of Georgia No. 5511 of December 20, 2011 - website, 28.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1541576#)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2753 of June 29, 2018 – website, 19.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4254838#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 43. Functions of the Director

1. School principal:

a) manages the school;

b) represents the school in relations with third parties, except for cases provided for by this law and the school charter;

c) Submits the school's internal regulations and school budget to the Board of Trustees for approval;

d) Develops a staffing schedule;

d¹) is authorized to establish qualification requirements for invited teachers and substitute teachers;

e) Participates in the development of the school curriculum by the pedagogical council;

f) Ensures the conclusion and implementation of employment contracts with teachers and other school employees in accordance with the terms and conditions approved by the Ministry;

g) is authorized to terminate a teacher's employment contract early in the event of violation of the terms of the contract, commission of an action inappropriate for educational activities, or confirmation of unqualifiedness in accordance with the procedure provided for by law;

g¹) A member of the Board of Trustees is authorized to terminate the employment contract of a teacher only with the consent of the Board of Trustees ;

G²) goes on leave with the consent of the relevant territorial body of the Ministry, and in the territories of the Autonomous Republics of Abkhazia and Adjara - with the consent of the relevant Ministry authorized in the field of education. The call-up of a school director from leave is the discretionary authority of the relevant territorial body of the Ministry, and in the territories of the Autonomous Republics of Abkhazia and Adjara - the discretionary authority of the relevant Ministry authorized in the field of education. The director of a school conducting military training goes on leave with the consent of the Ministry of Defense of Georgia. His call-up from leave is the discretionary authority of the Ministry of Defense of Georgia;

h) Submits a report on the progress of the educational process to the School Board of Trustees by December 10 of each year, and a report on financial activities within the deadlines established by Georgian legislation;

i) is authorized to conclude transactions, including those regarding school property, except for those transactions for which the Georgian legislation and the school charter require the consent of the Board of Trustees or the controlling body;

j) Considers complaints and takes appropriate measures in accordance with the rules stipulated by the school charter;

K¹) cooperates with a legal entity under public law - the Educational Institution Mandatory Service and the Educational Institution Mandatory - for the purpose of maintaining security and public order at school;

K.2) In the event of improper exercise of official authority by the registrar of an educational institution, the person is authorized to submit a substantiated appeal to the head of the registrar's office of a legal entity under public law;

k) supervises the educational process taking place at the school;

l¹) is obliged to provide information to the relevant authorized person designated by him/her on the possible commission of violence against women and/or domestic violence, if there is a risk of recurrence of violence;

l) Develops a draft school charter and submits it to the Board of Trustees for approval, and submits the draft agreed with the Board of Trustees to the Ministry for approval;

n) In case of assignment by the Board of Trustees, in accordance with the National Curriculum, applies to a legal entity under public law – the National Center for Assessment and Examinations – for the purpose of conducting final exams for the academic year and concludes a relevant agreement;

N¹) performs the functions of the governing bodies of a public school until the creation of the first Board of Trustees of a newly established and/or reorganized public school;

n²) In the event of the dismissal of the Board of Trustees, termination of authority or inability to exercise authority, as well as failure to elect the Board of Trustees, in accordance with the procedure provided for by the legislation of Georgia, performs the functions of the Board of Trustees of the public school.

n) carries out other activities provided for by the legislation of Georgia and the school charter.

2. The director issues individual legal acts within the framework provided for by the legislation of Georgia and the school charter.

3. In a general educational institution that provides military or specialized artistic training and education, the statute may stipulate that the director shall exercise the powers provided for in this Article together with the military or artistic director, respectively.

4. The relevant authorized person designated by the school principal is obliged to provide the police and/or other authorized bodies with information received on the basis of Article 20¹, subparagraph "l¹" of paragraph 1 of this Article and paragraph 3 of Article 48³ of this Law, which relates to the fact of possible commission of violence against women and/or domestic violence, if there is a risk of recurrence of violence.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 4129 of December 27, 2006 - Official Gazette I, No. 49, 29.12.2006, Art. 372 (/ka/document/view/25828#)

Law of Georgia No. 4530 of March 28, 2007 - JSC I, No. 15, 23.04.2007, Art. 119 (/ka/document/view/23620#)

Law of Georgia No. 497 of November 18, 2008 - GAZet I, No. 33, 01.12.2008, Art. 211 (/ka/document/view/1057887#)

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)

Law of Georgia No. 3442 of July 16, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 44, 28.07.2010, Art. 273 (/ka/document/view/92920#)

Law of Georgia No. 4044 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 75, 27.12.2010, Art. 466 (/ka/document/view/1155471#)

Law of Georgia No. 3 87 of March 22, 2013 - website, 02.04.2013. (/ka/document/view/1880446#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 918 of August 6, 2013 - website, 20.08.2013. (/ka/document/view/1987212#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 773 of May 4, 2017 - website, 25.05.2017. (/ka/document/view/3663753#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 - website, 29.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 - website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 - website, 10.08.2018. (/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 - website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3524 of September 21, 2023 - Website, 12.10.2023. (/ka/document/view/5877434#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 44. Termination of the Director's Authority

1. The authority of a public school director shall be terminated by an authorized body in cases and in accordance with the established procedure provided for by the legislation of Georgia and/or an agreement. The authority of a public school director may also be terminated in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia, upon reaching retirement age. There shall be no difference in the grounds and rules for termination of the authority of a public school director (including the employment contract with the director) for directors appointed and elected in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.

2. The authority of the director is terminated from the moment of registration of the relevant decision by the Education Management Information System.

3. Until the election of a new Director or the appointment of a Director by the Ministry, the powers of the Director shall be exercised by the Acting Director appointed by the Ministry.

4. In a general educational institution that provides military training, until a new director is appointed, the powers of the director shall be exercised by a person determined by an individual administrative-legal act of the Minister of Defense of Georgia.

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 3068 of May 4, 2010 - JSC I, No. 27, 24.05.2010, Art. 187 (/ka/document/view/92488#)

Law of Georgia No. 3442 of July 16, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 44, 28.07.2010, Art. 273 (/ka/document/view/92920#)
Law of Georgia No. 4321 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246930#)
Law of Georgia No. 4488 of April 5, 2011 - website, 15.04.2011. (/ka/document/view/1298420#)
Law of Georgia No. 5511 of December 20, 2011 - website, 28.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1541576#)
Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)
Law of Georgia No. 3524 of September 21, 2023 – Website, 12.10.2023. (/ka/document/view/5877434#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter IX. Pedagogical Council of a General Educational Institution

Article 45. Pedagogical Council

1. All teachers and prospective teachers in the Pedagogical Council shall have equal voting rights. A meeting of the Council shall be valid if more than half of the members of the Council are present.
2. One-third of the members of the Board have the right to convene a meeting of the Pedagogical Board at any time and to request that their representative be heard on the Board of Trustees.
3. The Pedagogical Council is headed by the Chairman of the Council, who is elected for a term of 3 years by a majority of the list members. The Chairman of the Pedagogical Council convenes and chairs the meetings of the Council.
4. Separate working groups are established within the Pedagogical Council on issues within its competence, which carry out the tasks of the Council and are accountable to it.
5. The Pedagogical Council makes decisions by a majority vote, not less than one-third of the total votes.
6. In a general education institution that provides specialized artistic education and training, the powers of the pedagogical council may be exercised by the artistic council. The artistic council is headed by the head of the artistic council, who is elected/appointed in accordance with the procedure provided for by the charter.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Article 46. Functions of the Pedagogical Council

Pedagogical Council:

- a) Develops school curricula in accordance with the National Curriculum, with the participation of the principal, and approves them in agreement with the Board of Trustees;
 - a¹) If necessary, approves an individual curriculum in agreement with the principal;
- b) In agreement with the Board of Trustees, approves teaching materials according to levels and subjects, including a list of textbooks selected by teachers and assigned to be used during the academic year;
 - b¹) Selects a teacher professional development facilitator;
- c) elects its representatives to the Board of Trustees;
- d) is entitled to elect its representative to the Board of Trustees ahead of its term.

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 4734 of June 3, 2011 - Website, 22.06.2011 (/ka/document/view/1381592#)

Law of Georgia No. 5349 of November 25, 2011 - website, 06.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1522233#)

Law of Georgia No. 4619 of December 11, 2015 - website, 22.12.2015. (/ka/document/view/3101093#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter X. Self-government of students of general educational institutions

Article 47. Student self-government

1. Student self-government is a body elected in accordance with this law and the school charter. It is a structural unit of the school.
2. Elementary and secondary school students elect their own self-government bodies.
3. Student self-government elections are held on the basis of equality, by secret ballot, in compliance with the principles of transparency and equal representation of students by grade.
4. The student self-government is headed by a chairperson elected by the self-government.

Article 48. Functions of student self-government

Student self-government:

- a) Develop recommendations on school internal regulations;
- b) is authorized to submit proposals to the Board of Trustees regarding all issues important to the school;
- c) elects its representative to the Board of Trustees;
- d) Participates in the management of the obtained grant in accordance with the rules established by the school charter and the legislation of Georgia;
- e) Creates school clubs upon the initiative of one-fifth of the members.

Chapter X1. Educational Institution Mandatory, Educational Institution Mandatory Service

Law of Georgia No. 3544 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 46, 04.08.2010, Art. 291 (/ka/document/view/93022#)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of February 2, 2011 – website, 10.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1232873#)

Article 48¹. Mandatory of an educational institution, service of the mandatory of an educational institution

1. The Ministry shall establish a legal entity of public law within its system – the Educational Institution Mandatory Service (hereinafter referred to as the Educational Institution Mandatory Service). The tasks of the Educational Institution Mandatory Service are:
 - a) Ensuring safety and public order in public schools and cooperating with public schools for this purpose;

b) ensuring security and public order in private law entrepreneurial and non-entrepreneurial (non-commercial) legal entities - educational institutions, on the basis of agreements;

c) Ensuring security and public order in legal entities under public law within the Ministry's system, based on agreements;

d) Providing psychosocial services to students with psychosocial problems, behavioral and emotional disorders, special educational needs, students and vocational students and their parents, as well as providing psychological services to representatives of educational institutions and/or teachers;

e) Coordination of the activities of psychologists working in the territorial bodies of the Ministry and/or public schools and their information support;

f) Participation in planning and implementing disaster preparedness measures (fire, flood, earthquake, etc.), promoting a healthy lifestyle, anti-violence (including bullying) educational campaigns, and other preventive measures;

g) Identifying the need for various types of safety-related training within its competence and organizing them;

h) Providing recommendations to educational institutions on issues of security and public order in educational institutions;

h¹) Promoting/supporting the inclusive education process in educational institutions;

h²) Implementation/development of programs/services and projects in the field of inclusive education;

h³) Promoting the development of specialists/human resources and relevant methodology working with individuals with special educational needs;

h⁴) Identification of the special educational needs of a person/student within the framework of psycho-educational assessment and consultation, as well as consultation of him/her, his/her parent/legal representative, educational institutions and specialists working in the field of inclusive education;

i) Cooperate with the school in the process of exercising the powers provided for in this paragraph.

1¹. In order to maintain security and public order in educational institutions, the Educational Institution Mandatory Service, together with the Ministry, cooperates with the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia to exchange information and plan various preventive measures.

2. The Minister shall exercise overall management and control over the activities of the educational institution's registrar's service.

3. A capable citizen of Georgia who has not been convicted and who has not reached the age of 21, has a complete general education and vocational education or higher education, knows the state language, has the appropriate health condition to perform official duties, and has completed preparatory courses approved by a joint order of the Minister of Internal Affairs of Georgia and the Minister in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia may be appointed as a principal of an educational institution. The aforementioned courses, along with other components of education, must take into account the regularities of the age-related development of the pupil/student, as well as the professional obligations and values of the principal of an educational institution, physical training and practical components.

31. The head of the educational institution's bailiff service shall appoint and dismiss the bailiff of the educational institution.

4. When performing official duties, the principal of an educational institution shall wear an official uniform. The official uniform of the principal of an educational institution shall be approved by the Minister.

5. For the purpose of providing psychosocial services to persons specified in subparagraph "d" of paragraph 1 of Article 48¹ of this Law, including for their identification, biopsychosocial assessment, prevention of psychosocial problems/difficulties, psychotherapy, socialization support, referral, the educational institution's resource officer's office shall process personal data in accordance with the Law of Georgia "On Personal Data Protection" to the extent necessary to achieve the purpose specified in this paragraph and within the appropriate time frame.

6. For the purpose of conducting psycho-educational assessment and counseling for persons specified in subparagraph "t 4" of paragraph 1 of Article 48¹ of this Law, including for their identification, assessment, counseling, prevention of educational and psychosocial problems/difficulties, transition support, and referral, the educational institution's case manager's office shall process personal data in accordance with the Law of Georgia "On Personal Data Protection" to the extent necessary to achieve the purpose specified in this paragraph and within the appropriate time frame.

Law of Georgia No. 3544 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 46, 04.08.2010, Art. 291 (/ka/document/view/93022#)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of February 2, 2011 - website, 10.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1232873#)

Law of Georgia No. 5349 of November 25, 2011 - website, 06.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1522233#)

Law of Georgia No. 173 of December 27, 2012 - website, 08.01.2013. (/ka/document/view/1814305#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 - website, 29.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 - website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 - website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3663 of November 15, 2023 - Website, 05.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5965473#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 48². Head of the Mandatory Service of an Educational Institution

1. The head of the educational institution's resource officer service shall be appointed and dismissed by the Minister.

2. A person with higher education shall be appointed as the head of the school resource officer's service of an educational institution.

3. Head of the Mandatory Service of an Educational Institution:

a) manages the activities of the educational institution's registrar's service, is responsible for the fulfillment of the tasks of the educational institution's registrar's service;

b) ensures timely and proper implementation of the Minister's instructions;

b¹) appoints and dismisses the principal of an educational institution in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia; is authorized to rotate the principals of an educational institution; considers the substantiated appeal of the school principal provided for in subparagraph "k 2" of paragraph 1 of Article 43 of this Law and makes a decision provided for by the legislation of Georgia;

c) provides appropriate instructions to the school administrators regarding the performance of their official duties;

d) submits recommendations and a statistical report on the work performed to the Minister;

d¹) Leads and coordinates activities implemented in the areas of inclusive education and psychosocial support;

e) exercises other powers provided for by the regulations of the educational institution's custodial service.

Law of Georgia No. 3544 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 46, 04.08.2010, Art. 291 (/ka/document/view/93022#)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of February 22, 2011 - website, 10.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1232873#)

Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 - website, 29.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 - website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 48³. Rights and obligations of the registrar of an educational institution

1. The rights and duties of the rector of an educational institution are:

- a) Control of the educational institution and its surrounding area;
- b) Preventing and informing relevant law enforcement agencies of violations that have occurred and are detected in the educational institution and/or its surrounding area;
- c) At the request of the educational institution's board of trustees, pedagogical council, directorate, teacher, rector and academic staff, interacting with pupils/students with social behavior problems, conducting individual interviews with them, and observing their behavior;
- d) Providing information to pupils/students on issues related to civil defense, road traffic safety, administrative offenses and criminal offenses and their consequences;
- e) Informing parents of pupils/students and the relevant authorized person of the educational institution about the behavior of pupils/students with social behavior problems;
- f) Facilitating the protection and evacuation of pupils/students, employees and other persons present at the educational institution during a disaster (fire, flood, earthquake, etc.), as well as participating in the planning, preparation and implementation of disaster preparedness measures;
- f¹) Participation in planning and implementing educational campaigns to promote a healthy lifestyle, combat violence (including bullying), and other preventive measures;
- g) Acting as a mediator between opposing students, identifying conflict situations and resolving the conflict;
- h) Participation in meetings with parents of students with social behavior problems;
- i) independently or together with the administration of the educational institution, maintaining order and discipline on the territory of the educational institution;
- j) Compiling a violation registration sheet in an educational institution in accordance with the form approved by the Ministry regarding violations identified in an educational institution and submitting it to the relevant authorized person of the educational institution and the head of the educational institution's mandator's office;
- l) Creation of an electronic information base of violations identified in educational institutions;
- l¹) Administration of the video surveillance system of a general educational institution;
- l²) Separation of a student in cases provided for by this law;
- m) To conduct a non-contact surface search using a metal detector in order to detect an item prohibited by Georgian legislation, a weapon used to commit an alleged disciplinary offense/violation, an item that bears traces of an alleged disciplinary offense/violation, an item and valuables obtained through an alleged disciplinary offense/violation, as well as an item and document that are necessary to clarify the circumstances of an alleged disciplinary offense/violation;

N) (removed - 13.06.2018, No. 2523) (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;);

2. The mandate of an educational institution shall cooperate with the school in exercising the rights and performing the duties provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article. In addition, the mandate of an educational institution shall attend meetings of the structural units of the educational institution upon invitation and express opinions on issues within its authority.

3. The principal of an educational institution is obliged to provide information on the possible commission of violence against women and/or domestic violence to the relevant authorized person designated by the school principal, if there is a risk of recurrence of the violence.

Law of Georgia No. 3544 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 46, 04.08.2010, Art. 291 (/ka/document/view/93022#)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of February 2, 2011 – website, 10.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1232873#)

Law of Georgia No. 173 of December 27, 2012 – website, 08.01.2013. (/ka/document/view/1814305#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 773 of May 4, 2017 - website, 25.05.2017. (/ka/document/view/3663753#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 - website, 29.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 48⁴. Legal protection of the head of an educational institution

1. The school principal is protected by law when performing his/her official duties. All students are required to comply with his/her lawful requests while performing his/her official duties.

2. No one has the right to interfere in the official activities of a school principal, except in cases provided for by law.

3. Obstructing a school principal in the performance of his/her official duties, violating his/her honor and dignity, resisting him/her, threatening him/her, using violence against him/her, or encroaching on his/her life, health, or property shall result in liability as provided for by the legislation of Georgia.

4. When performing official duties, the principal of an educational institution shall be guided by the legislation of Georgia.

5. The principal of an educational institution has the right to apply to court to protect his or her rights and freedoms.

Law of Georgia No. 3544 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 46, 04.08.2010, Art. 291 (/ka/document/view/93022#)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of February 2, 2011 – website, 10.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1232873#)

Law of Georgia No. 173 of December 27, 2012 – website, 08.01.2013. (/ka/document/view/1814305#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 48⁵. Social protection of the educational institution's resource person

1. A principal of an educational institution is subject to mandatory state insurance.

2. Any damage caused to a bailiff of an educational institution while performing his/her official duties shall be fully compensated from the funds of the state budget of Georgia, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.

3. In the event of the death of an educational institution resource officer while performing his/her official duties, his/her family (heir) shall be provided with a one-time financial assistance of no more than 15,000 GEL from the state budget of Georgia. The state shall reimburse the funeral expenses of the educational institution resource officer.

4. In the event of mutilation and/or disability of a resource person of an educational institution while performing his/her official duties, he/she shall be provided with a one-time financial assistance of no more than 7,000 GEL, in accordance with the severity of the bodily injury, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.

5. Pension provision for the head of an educational institution is carried out in accordance with the legislation of Georgia.

6. In accordance with the legislation of Georgia, additional social security measures and benefits not provided for by this Law may be determined for the principal of an educational institution within the framework of funds allocated from the state budget of Georgia.

Law of Georgia No. 3544 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 46, 04.08.2010, Art. 291 (/ka/document/view/93022#)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of February 2, 2011 – website, 10.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1232873#)

Article 48⁶. Cases and procedure for the use of physical force by a school resource officer

1. A school principal has the right to use physical force only in extreme cases, when it is impossible to perform his/her official duties using light measures. The physical force used must be proportional to the threat posed.

2. The principal of an educational institution has the right to use physical force, taking into account the conditions established by paragraph 1 of this Article, in the following cases:

- a) in the prevention of a crime;
- b) when there is a threat to the life and/or health of persons present in the educational institution and its surrounding area;
- c) in cases provided for by the legislation of Georgia, when apprehending a criminal for presentation to a law enforcement agency, when there is sufficient reason to assume that this person will flee or cause harm to others.

3. When using physical force, the principal of an educational institution is obliged to:

- a) warn the person about the use of physical force and give him sufficient time to comply with his demands, except in cases where the delay would endanger the life and health of the educational institution's staff or other persons or would lead to other serious consequences, or when it is impossible to warn the person;
- b) Use physical force in accordance with the nature of the threat posed, taking into account that the harm caused should be minimal;
- c) In any case, within 24 hours of the use of physical force, notify the Ministry in writing through the head of the educational institution's bailiff's office;
- d) not endanger the life and health of others.

4. It is prohibited to use physical force against a pregnant woman or a person with disabilities, except in cases where their actions pose a clear threat to the life and health of the educational institution's resource person or other persons.

5. In the event of physical force being used against a student, the school principal and the student's parent must be immediately notified.

6. In the event of the use of physical force by the school principal, a protocol on the use of physical force by the school principal shall be drawn up. This protocol shall, along with other information, substantiate the necessity of the use of physical force.

Law of Georgia No. 3544 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 46, 04.08.2010, Art. 291 (/ka/document/view/93022#)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of February 2, 2011 – website, 10.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1232873#)

Law of Georgia No. 173 of December 27, 2012 – website, 08.01.2013. (/ka/document/view/1814305#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 – website, 29.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter X². Referral of a minor

Law of Georgia No. 5666 of December 28, 2011 - website, 12.01.2012. (/ka/document/view/1558947#)

Law of Georgia No. 5406 of November 29, 2019 – website, 10.12.2019. (/ka/document/view/4706009#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 48⁷. Referral of a juvenile with difficult behavior to a juvenile referral facility

1. This chapter regulates issues related to the adoption, enforcement and review of decisions to send a juvenile with difficult behavior to a juvenile referral facility.

2. The issue of the appropriateness of sending a minor to a juvenile referral facility shall be considered by the Specialist Group of the Juvenile Referral Center (hereinafter referred to as the Specialist Group).

3. In the best interests of the minor, a minor aged 10 to 18 may be sent to a juvenile referral facility for a period specified in the relevant motion of the juvenile specialist group. This period shall not exceed the duration of one academic semester, except in cases where the minor's period of stay in a juvenile referral facility is extended in accordance with the procedure established by Article 48⁹ of this Law .

4. It is not permissible to discuss the issue of the appropriateness of sending a minor to a juvenile referral facility if the minor turns 18 within 6 months of the discussion of this issue by the group of specialists.

5. The group of specialists will consider the appropriateness of sending a minor to a juvenile referral facility if:

- a) The legal representative/actual guardian of the minor refuses to enter into an agreement with the Juvenile Referral Center;
- b) The minor's legal representative/de facto guardian refuses to continue the minor's participation in the activities provided for in the agreement concluded with the Juvenile Referral Center;
- c) According to the final report of the Juvenile Referral Center, the purpose of another service/program selected for the minor by the Juvenile Referral Center was not achieved;
- d) The standard of reasonable presumption confirms the commission by a minor of an intentional act provided for in the Private Part of the Criminal Code of Georgia, for which the punishment is imprisonment for a term of more than 10 years or life imprisonment.

6. The issue of the appropriateness of sending a minor to a juvenile referral facility shall be considered by a group of specialists and a decision shall be made within 15 days of the relevant referral, in accordance with the juvenile referral rules.

7. When considering the appropriateness of sending a minor to a juvenile referral facility, the specialist group shall examine the individual assessment report of the minor and other documents obtained by the Juvenile Referral Center, and shall hear the author of the application to the Juvenile Referral Center, the minor himself, the legal representative/actual guardian of the minor, and the author of the individual assessment report of the minor. The specialist group may, if necessary, decide to hear other persons.

8. After analyzing the documents and other information specified in paragraph 7 of this Article, the group of specialists shall make a reasoned, written decision:

- a) on the inexpediency of sending a minor to a juvenile referral facility;
- b) Regarding the appropriateness of sending the minor to a juvenile referral facility.

9. A decision on the appropriateness of sending a minor to a juvenile referral facility shall be made only if the use of other measures would not be sufficient to achieve the socialization, rehabilitation, and crime prevention of a minor with difficult behavior.

10. The legal representative/actual guardian of the minor shall be notified of the decision of the specialist group on the inadvisability of sending the minor to a juvenile referral facility or on the expediency of sending the minor to a juvenile referral facility. The Juvenile Referral Center shall ensure that information about the decision of the specialist group is placed in a unified information database.

11. In case of making a decision on the appropriateness of sending a minor to a juvenile referral facility, the group of specialists shall submit a petition to the court within 10 calendar days from the date of making this decision in accordance with the procedure established by the Administrative Procedure Code of Georgia. It is not necessary to submit a petition to the court if the legal representative/de facto guardian of the minor agrees with the decision of the group of specialists and ensures the execution of this decision within the period specified by the group of specialists.

12. In the event that the specialist group decides that it is inappropriate to send a minor to a juvenile referral facility, this decision shall determine the issue of the minor's inclusion in another service/program. The specialist group's decision on the inappropriateness of sending a minor to a juvenile referral facility is final and cannot be appealed.

13. The group of specialists is authorized to review the decision on the inexpediency of sending a minor to a juvenile referral facility in the event of a change in the circumstances specified in subparagraphs "a"–"c" of paragraph 5 of this article.

Law of Georgia No. 5666 of December 28, 2011 - website, 12.01.2012. (/ka/document/view/1558947#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 5406 of November 29, 2019 – website, 10.12.2019. (/ka/document/view/4706009#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 48⁸. Enforcement of the decision to send a minor to a juvenile referral facility

1. The enforcement of the decision to send a minor to a juvenile referral facility shall be ensured by the legal representative/actual guardian of the minor, and in case of failure of the legal representative/actual guardian of the minor to enforce this decision within the time limit specified by the court, by an authorized person of the juvenile referral facility with the participation of a social worker of the State Care and Assistance Agency for Victims of Trafficking and Victims of IDPs from the Occupied Territories of Georgia, a public law legal entity subject to state control of the Ministry of Labor, Health and Social Protection of Georgia, upon the application of the Juvenile Referral Center.

2. In case of obstruction of the enforcement officer in the execution of the decision to send a minor to a juvenile referral facility, the said person is authorized to apply to the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia for the purpose of ensuring the execution of this decision. In case of obstruction of the execution of the decision to send a minor to a juvenile referral facility, the person shall be held liable in accordance with the procedure established by the Code of Administrative Offenses of Georgia.

Law of Georgia No. 5666 of December 28, 2011 - website, 12.01.2012. (/ka/document/view/1558947#)

Law of Georgia No. 5406 of November 29, 2019 – website, 10.12.2019. (/ka/document/view/4706009#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3663 of November 15, 2023 – Website, 05.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5965473#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 48⁹. Review of the decision to send a minor to a juvenile referral facility

1. No later than 15 calendar days before the expiration of the term of a minor's stay in a juvenile referral facility, the authorized person of the juvenile referral facility shall, in accordance with the procedure determined by the Juvenile Referral Center, submit information to the group of specialists about the positive results achieved by the minor and the existing difficulties. Based on the information received from the juvenile referral facility, and if necessary, also on the basis of interviews with the minor and other persons, the group of specialists shall be authorized to make a decision on the termination, change or extension of the measure applied to the minor no later than 15 calendar days from the date of the referral.

2. The period of stay of a minor in a juvenile referral facility shall be extended if, despite the achievement of positive results by the minor, the psychosocial rehabilitation of the minor has not been fully implemented and the use of other measures would not be sufficient to achieve the socialization, rehabilitation and crime prevention of a minor with difficult behavior.

3. The decision to send a minor to a juvenile referral facility shall be revoked if the stay in this facility is no longer necessary for the socialization, rehabilitation and crime prevention of a minor with difficult behavior.

4. In the event of a decision on the appropriateness of extending the period of stay of a minor in a juvenile referral facility, the group of specialists shall submit a petition to the court in accordance with the procedure established by the Administrative Procedure Code of Georgia. It is not necessary to submit a petition to the court if the legal representative/de facto guardian of the minor agrees with the decision of the group of specialists and does not prevent its execution.

Law of Georgia No. 5666 of December 28, 2011 - website, 12.01.2012. (/ka/document/view/1558947#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 5406 of November 29, 2019 – website, 10.12.2019. (/ka/document/view/4706009#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter XI. State control, property, financing, reporting and accounting of general educational institutions

Article 49. State control

1. State control of schools is carried out by the Ministry, other state control bodies established by the legislation of Georgia, as well as the ministries authorized in the field of education of the Autonomous Republics of Abkhazia and Adjara - in cases provided for by the legislation of Georgia, including this Law.

2. State control implies supervision of the implementation by a general educational institution of the requirements of Georgian legislation and individual administrative-legal acts of the Ministry.

3. Before the beginning of the next academic year, a public school shall submit to the Ministry a report on the previous year's activities regarding the implementation of Georgian legislation and the educational process. The Ministry shall establish the forms and deadlines for submitting the report.

4. For the purpose of exercising control provided for by this Law, the Ministry shall request materials and information or conduct an on-site examination of the school's compliance with the requirements of Georgian legislation and individual administrative and legal acts of the Ministry.

5. The school must submit the requested information to the Ministry within 15 days of the request.

6. In case of violation of the requirements of the Georgian legislation and individual administrative-legal acts of the Ministry by the structural units of a public school specified in paragraph 2 of Article 35 of this Law, the Ministry, and in the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia or Adjara - the relevant Ministry, is authorized to give the said public school a written warning and/or to address the Board of Trustees of the public school with a relevant substantiated submission regarding the early termination of the director's authority. The Board of Trustees of the public school shall consider the issue of early termination of the director's authority within the period specified in the submission of the Ministry, and in the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia or Adjara - within the period specified in the submission of the relevant Ministry.

6¹. The Board of Trustees is obliged to justify its decision if, in the case provided for in paragraph 6 of this article, it does not terminate the authority of the school director ahead of time. The Ministry is authorized to disagree with the decision of the Board of Trustees and terminate the authority of the school director ahead of time. The interested party shall appeal the submission provided for in paragraph 6 of this article to the court together with the final decision on the early termination of the authority of the director.

6². Legal acts of the Ministry issued in relation to the issues provided for in paragraphs 6, 6¹ and 7 of this Article, and in the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia or Adjara - legal acts issued by the relevant Ministry, shall be appealed in court, and their appeal shall not result in the suspension of the validity of the disputed acts.

7. The Ministry, and in the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia or Adjara - the relevant Ministry, is authorized to:

- a) Dismiss the Board of Trustees if the activities of the Board of Trustees in a public school violate the legislation of Georgia;
- b) terminate the director's authority early if the public school receives 2 written warnings within 1 year due to the director's activities;
- c) terminate the authority of the acting director ahead of schedule if the public school receives 2 written warnings within 1 year due to the activities of the acting director;
- d) Dismiss the Board of Trustees and/or terminate the authority of the Director/Acting Director early if the public school fails to eliminate the violation within the period specified in the written warning.

7¹. In the event of premature termination of the authority of the Director/Acting Director in accordance with the procedure established by paragraph 7 of this Article, the Ministry, and in the Autonomous Republics of Abkhazia and Adjara - the relevant Ministry, is authorized to appoint an Acting Director. In this case, the procedure established by paragraph 6 of Article 42 of this Law shall apply.

8. (Removed - 17.03.2006, No. [\(/ka/document/view/25954#\)](#)2793)

9. In the event of early termination of the authority of the director/acting director by the school board of trustees/ministry in the event of violation of the rules provided for in paragraphs 6, 6¹ and 7 of this article, as well as the requirements established by the labor contract by the director/acting director, the person whose authority has been terminated shall not have the right to hold the position of director/acting director, deputy director, or any other position in the public school administration for 3 years.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 [\(/ka/document/view/25954#\)](#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 [\(/ka/document/view/89434#\)](#)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of February 2, 2011 - website, 10.03.2011. [\(/ka/document/view/1232873#\)](#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. [\(/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;\)](#)

Law of Georgia No. 1227 of July 26, 2017 - website, 28.07.2017. [\(/ka/document/view/3753791#DOCUMENT:1;\)](#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 - website, 11.07.2018. [\(/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;\)](#)

Law of Georgia No. 5777 of March 17, 2020 - website, 23.03.2020. [\(/ka/document/view/4796211#DOCUMENT:1;\)](#)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 - website, 18.03.2021. [\(/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;\)](#)

Article 50. Public school property

1. The building of a public school and the corresponding land area are state property and shall be transferred to the school under a perpetual and gratuitous usufruct agreement, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.

2. A public school shall dispose of the property transferred to it by the state on the basis of the consent of the Ministry, and on the territories of the Autonomous Republics of Abkhazia and Adjara - on the basis of the consent of the relevant Ministry authorized in the field of education, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia, except for the cases provided for in paragraph 3 of this Article.

3. A public school is authorized to temporarily transfer school premises to an accredited provider of a teacher professional development educational program for the purpose of teacher professional development.

4. The resource school provided for in subparagraph " C.7.a " of Article 2 of this Law, when performing the functions defined in paragraph 5 of Article 33 of this Law, is authorized to use the area of the resource school for the participants of the offered programs/services and consultations, including the use of the boarding part for the purpose of overnight accommodation of representatives of another city/municipality.

Law of Georgia No. 2671 of February 26, 2010 - GCM I, No. 10, 16.03.2010, Art. 36 [\(/ka/document/view/91558#\)](#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 [\(/ka/document/view/93094#\)](#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 - website, 11.07.2018. [\(/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;\)](#)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 - website, 18.03.2021. [\(/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;\)](#)

Law of Georgia No. 3663 of November 15, 2023 - Website, 05.12.2023. [\(/ka/document/view/5965473#DOCUMENT:1;\)](#)

Article 51. Finances of a general educational institution

1. The main funding of the school is carried out by the state through the issuance of vouchers in accordance with the procedure established by this Law and relevant by-laws, as well as in accordance with the procedure provided for in paragraph 5 of Article 22 of this Law.

2. A public school has the right to attract other financial resources permitted by the legislation of Georgia, including income from economic activities, if this activity is not hazardous to health and does not have a harmful effect on the physical and moral development of students. The funds received shall be used only for the implementation of the goals and functions of the school in accordance with the legislation.

3. All income and expenses of the school are reflected in its budget.

4. The school has an independent bank account and seal.

Article 52. Reporting and accounting of a general educational institution

1. The principal of a public school shall manage funds according to the school budget approved by the Board of Trustees.

2. The director is authorized, in case of urgent necessity, to transfer no more than 10% of the funds from one budget item to another without the consent of the Board of Trustees. This change should not result in a reduction in teachers' salaries. In the event of failure to approve the school budget, the director is authorized to allocate funds monthly in the amount of no more than 1/12 of the previous year's budget.

3. The consent of the Board of Trustees is required when concluding a transaction whose value exceeds 5% of the school budget.

4. A public school shall maintain accounting and reporting documents for financial and economic activities in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Chapter XI¹. General Education Management Information System

Law of Georgia No. 3443 of September 20, 2018 – website, 09.10.2018. (/ka/document/view/4330820#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 52¹. General Education Management Information System

1. The general education management information system reflects information about general education institutions, relevant educational programs, personnel implementing the educational program, and personal data of persons entitled to/enrolled in the educational program (including, in cases provided for by the legislation of Georgia, data on their health status), as well as other information specified by the legislation of Georgia.

2. The Ministry shall ensure the collection, storage, processing, analysis and administration of data in the General Education Management Information System in accordance with the requirements of the Law of Georgia on Personal Data Protection, in accordance with the established procedure.

3. The Education Management Information System is authorized to receive and use personal data available in other legal entities under public law within the Ministry's system for the purpose of performing the functions provided for in paragraph 2 of this Article.

Law of Georgia No. 3443 of September 20, 2018 – website, 09.10.2018. (/ka/document/view/4330820#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 52². Obligations of a general education institution and presumption of accuracy of data in the general education management information system

1. A general education institution is obliged to enter relevant information into the general education management information system within the period established by the legislation of Georgia.

2. Failure by a general education institution to timely submit relevant information to the general education management information system may serve as a basis for suspending or refusing to take appropriate action based on the data of the general education management information system.

3. In case of any discrepancy between the information reflected in the legal acts of a general education institution and the relevant information reflected in the general education management information system, the data of the general education management information system shall be taken into account.

4. In cases provided for by the legislation of Georgia, forms for confirming information entered into the general education management information system may be established.

Law of Georgia No. 3443 of September 20, 2018 – website, 09.10.2018. (/ka/document/view/4330820#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 52³. Responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of information entered into the general education management information system

The entity responsible for reflecting this information in the general education management information system is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the information entered into the system.

Law of Georgia No. 3443 of September 20, 2018 – website, 09.10.2018. (/ka/document/view/4330820#DOCUMENT:1;)

Chapter XII. Transitional and Final Provisions

Article 53. Annulment of normative acts in connection with the adoption of a law

1. In connection with the adoption of this Law, the following provisions of Article 4, Paragraph 5; Article 11, Paragraph 2; Article 14, Paragraph 2; Article 18, Paragraph 4, Subparagraphs "o", "p", "z" and "s"; Article 20, Paragraphs "k", "l" and "n"; Article 21; Article 22, Paragraph 2; Article 23, Paragraph 3, Subparagraphs "a.b", "a.g" and "a.d"; Article 24, Paragraph 5; Article 29, Paragraph 3; Article 40, Paragraph 3; Paragraphs 4 and 5 of Article 44, as well as all norms of the aforementioned law that regulate relations regulated by the same law differently from this law.

2. The Order No. 16 of the Minister of Education of Georgia of February 25, 2003 "On Approval of the Standard Regulations of State General Educational Institutions and Accompanying Measures" and all normative acts or parts thereof adopted by state government bodies in accordance with the Law of Georgia "On Normative Acts" that regulate relations regulated by the same Law differently from this Law shall be deemed invalid.

Article 54. Drafts of Preparatory Legal Acts

1. The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall prepare draft laws "On Educational Activities", "On Professional Education" (/ka/document/view/23608#) and "On Accreditation of Educational Institutions and Programs" before the start of the 2007-2008 academic year.

2. (Removed - 14.12.2006, No. 3986 (/ka/document/view/25114#)).

3. (Removed - 14.12.2006, No. 3986 (/ka/document/view/25114#)).

4. The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall ensure the approval of the Rules of Disciplinary Proceedings for Teachers by 2015.

5. The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall ensure the adoption of the normative act provided for in subparagraph "t 1 " of paragraph 1 of Article 26 of this Law by October 1, 2010 .

Law of Georgia No. 3986 of December 14, 2006 - GAZet I, No. 48, 22.12.2006, Art. 353 (/ka/document/view/25114#)

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 (/ka/document/view/92068#)

Law of Georgia No. 3292 of July 2, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 37, 14.07.2010, Art. 223 (/ka/document/view/92668#)

Article 55. Educational and educational institutions

1. Educational and educational-educational institutions may exist in the form of a private or public law legal entity.

2. The Ministry establishes educational and educational-educational institutions in the form of legal entities under public law, approves their statutes, exercises state control, reorganization and liquidation, appoints and dismisses the heads of these institutions.

3. Educational and educational institutions, except for early and preschool education and training institutions, which are legal entities of public law, are financed from the state budget and/or other revenues permitted by the legislation of Georgia.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 5367 of June 8, 2016 - website, 24.06.2016. (/ka/document/view/3309668#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 494 of March 23, 2017 - website, 27.03.2017. (/ka/document/view/3615859#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 56. Extracurricular artistic and sports institutions

1. Out-of-school artistic educational institutions that implement only artistic educational programs without a general educational program shall be established, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia, in the form of a legal entity under public law or a non-profit (non-commercial) legal entity under private law by the Ministry of Culture of Georgia, which shall approve their statutes, exercise their state control, reorganization and liquidation, and appoint and dismiss the heads of these institutions.

1¹ Out-of-school sports educational institutions that implement only sports educational programs without a general education program, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia, in the form of a legal entity under public law or a non-profit (non-commercial) legal entity under private law, shall be established by the Ministry of Sports of Georgia, which shall approve their statutes, exercise their state control, reorganization and liquidation, and appoint and dismiss the heads of these institutions.

2. (Retrieved - 07.12.2017, No. 1631). (/ka/document/view/3883397#DOCUMENT:1;)

3. Out-of-school art and sports educational institutions that implement only art and sports educational programs without a general education program in the administrative territory of the Autonomous Republic of Adjara shall be established in the form of a private non-profit (non-commercial) legal entity by the Ministry of Education, Culture and Sports of the Autonomous Republic of Adjara, which shall approve the charter of this institution and appoint and dismiss its head.

4. A municipality is authorized to establish extracurricular arts and sports educational institutions in the form of a private non-profit (non-commercial) legal entity that implements only arts and sports educational programs without a general education program. The executive body of the municipality approves the charter of this institution, appoints and dismisses its head.

Law of Georgia No. 2014 of October 28, 2005 - GOJ I, No. 47, 21.11.2005, Art. 314 (/ka/document/view/27268#)

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 3986 of December 14, 2006 - GAZet I, No. 48, 22.12.2006, Art. 353 (/ka/document/view/25114#)

Law of Georgia No. 3744 of October 26, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 62, 05.11.2010, Art. 384 (/ka/document/view/1080970#)

Law of Georgia No. 1631 of December 7, 2017 – website, 14.12.2017. (/ka/document/view/3883397#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 6905 of July 15, 2020 – website, 28.07.2020. (/ka/document/view/4917262#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3825 of November 30, 2023 – Website, 15.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5983226#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 83 of December 12, 2024 - Website, 28.12.2024. (/ka/document/view/6366279#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 56¹. Teacher of an extracurricular arts or sports educational institution

1. (Retrieved - 28.11.2014, No. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;) 2822)

2. A teacher at an out-of-school arts or sports educational institution shall carry out professional development and career advancement in accordance with the teacher's professional development and career advancement scheme approved by the Government of Georgia.

3. (Removed - 28.11.2014, No. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;) 2822)

4. Out-of-school arts and sports educational institutions shall fulfill the obligations specified in subparagraphs “k”, “m” and “n” of paragraph 1 of Article 33 of this Law in relation to the activities of teachers and shall exercise the authority granted by subparagraph “g” of paragraph 2 of the said Article.

5. In order to determine the conditions and rules for conducting the activities of teachers of out-of-school art or sports educational institutions, the Ministry of Culture of Georgia and the Ministry of Sports of Georgia shall participate in the development of that part of the Regulation on the Registration of Teacher Professional Development Programs that relates to the professional development programs of teachers of out-of-school art or sports educational institutions, respectively.

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28 , 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 1631 of December 7, 2017 – website, 14.12.2017. (/ka/document/view/3883397#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 – website, 10.08.2018. (/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3825 of November 30, 2023 – Website, 15.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/5983226#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 83 of December 12, 2024 - Website, 28.12.2024. (/ka/document/view/6366279#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 57. Secondary vocational education institutions

1. A secondary vocational education institution may exist in the form of a public or private legal entity :

a) Before the start of the 2008-2009 academic year , if the duration of the secondary vocational education programs implemented by it before the start of the 2006-2007 academic year , excluding general education programs , was 2 years ;

b) Before the start of the 2009-2010 academic year , if the duration of the secondary vocational education programs implemented by it before the start of the 2006-2007 academic year , excluding general education programs , was 3 years .

1¹. A legal entity under private law is authorized to carry out professional educational activities in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia, without establishing another independent legal entity, in compliance with the deadlines specified in subparagraphs "a" and "b" of paragraph 1 of this Article.

12. Starting from the 2007-2008 academic year, secondary vocational educational institutions are not allowed to admit students to the first year of secondary vocational educational programs.

2. The Ministry establishes a secondary vocational education institution in the form of a legal entity under public law, approves its charter, and exercises its state control, reorganization, and liquidation.

3. A secondary vocational education institution that provides professional artistic and sports education and training is established as a legal entity under public law by the sectoral ministry, which approves its charter, appoints a director, exercises state control over it, and carries out its reorganization and liquidation.

4. A secondary vocational education institution, which is a legal entity under public law, is financed from the central budget, local budgets and/or other revenues permitted by law.

5. Secondary vocational education may be obtained after receiving basic education. Those legal entities of public law, as well as legal entities of private law established with 100% participation of the state – secondary vocational educational institutions, which implemented general education programs until the end of the 2005-2006 academic year, are authorized to issue a document confirming general education to those students who, by the end of the 2005-2006 academic year, have completed general education programs and studied at a secondary vocational educational institution for at least 2 years. Until the end of the 2005-2006 academic year, general education programs in these institutions are financed within the framework of program financing.

5¹. Licensed private legal entities – secondary vocational educational institutions, in addition to the diploma certifying secondary vocational education, shall issue a document certifying the education of the corresponding level of general education to confirm the mastery of the general education program, in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation of Georgia.

6. Secondary vocational education institutions are subject to accreditation. The rules and conditions of their accreditation and the standards of secondary vocational education institutions are established by the Ministry in agreement with the relevant sectoral ministry, based on the submission of the State Accreditation Service.

7. Within the framework of secondary vocational education, the general education program is financed in accordance with the procedure established by this Law, while vocational education itself is financed from the central budget and/or other revenues permitted by legislation.

Law of Georgia No. 2793 of March 17, 2006 - JSC I, No. 9, 31.03.2006, Art. 65 (/ka/document/view/25954#)

Law of Georgia No. 4530 of March 28, 2007 - JSC I, No. 15, 23.04.2007, Art. 119 (/ka/document/view/23620#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 58. Ensuring the establishment of general educational institutions as legal entities under public law

1. The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall ensure the establishment of general educational institutions of Georgia as legal entities under public law, as well as the approval of new statutes of existing legal entities under public law, in accordance with this Law, by August 1, 2005.

2. The norms applicable to legal entities under public law shall apply to those educational, upbringing and educational-preaching institutions that are not legal entities under public or private law and are financed from the state budget.

3. For the institutions provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article, the Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall approve a unified charter template, according to which these institutions shall be established. The Ministry of Education and Science shall publish the charter template and the list of general education institutions established accordingly.

4. The Ministries of Education and Science, Economic Development, Justice and Finance of Georgia shall, within 1 month from the adoption of this Law, submit to the Government of Georgia a plan for the financial and legal support of the measures necessary for the establishment of general educational institutions of Georgia as legal entities under public law.

5. Paragraph 4 of Article 5 of this Law shall be implemented gradually, no later than the beginning of the 2010-2011 academic year.

6. Paragraph 2 of Article 36 of this Law shall come into force from the beginning of the 2011-2012 academic year.

7. Subparagraph "N 1" of paragraph 1 of Article 26, paragraph 1¹ of Article 27 and subparagraph "G 1" of paragraph 1 of Article 29 of this Law shall come into force from the beginning of the 2011-2012 academic year.

Law of Georgia No. 3986 of December 14, 2006 - GAZet I, No. 48, 22.12.2006, Art. 353 (/ka/document/view/25114#)

Law of Georgia No. 5609 of December 14, 2007 - GAZet I, No. 46, 24.12.2007, Art. 400 (/ka/document/view/20242#)

Law of Georgia No. 497 of November 18, 2008 – GAZet I, No. 33, 01.12.2008, Art. 211 (/ka/document/view/1057887#)

Law of Georgia No. 1465 of March 30, 2022 – Website, 06.04.2022. (/ka/document/view/5421376#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 59. Ensuring the holding of the first elections of the governing bodies of a general educational institution

1. The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall ensure the holding of the first elections of the Boards of Trustees of public schools before the end of the 2006-2007 academic year. The first elections may be held only according to the schedule and procedure approved by the Ministry of Education and Science.

2. The entry into force of this Law shall be the basis for the dismissal of the head (director) of all public law legal entities that implement at least one level of the general education program, as well as of out-of-school institutions that implement only artistic and sports educational programs without a general education program, which shall be formalized by the order of the Minister of Education and Science of Georgia, and in the case of out-of-school artistic and sports institutions - by the order of the Minister of Culture, Monument Protection and Sports of Georgia. In accordance with this Law, the Acting Director shall be appointed and dismissed by order of the Minister of Education and Science of Georgia until the election of the Director, and the Acting Head (Director) of an out-of-school institution, as provided for in Article 56 of this Law, shall be appointed and dismissed by order of the Minister of Culture, Monument Protection and Sports before the start of the 2006-2007 academic year.

3. The enactment of this law shall result in the termination of the powers of the members of the Board of Trustees of a public school.

4. Registration of a director elected for the first time on the basis of this Law with the Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall result in the termination of the powers of the acting director and administrative/directorate officials of this general educational institution.

5. The first-time elected director shall ensure the signing of employment contracts with all teachers of this general education institution within 1 month of registration.

5¹. Legal entities of public law established/reorganized by the Ministry before January 1, 2014 - general education institutions shall be allowed to carry out general education activities as general education institutions/schools and receive funding provided for by this Law before the start of the 2030-2031 academic year. The Ministry shall ensure the phased authorization of these general education institutions before the start of the 2030-2031 academic year.

5². As a result of the reorganization/division of a legal entity under public law - a general education institution, general education institutions established by the Ministry for the purpose of obtaining the status of a general education institution shall be granted the right to carry out general education activities as general education institutions/schools before the start of the 2030-2031 academic year and receive funding provided for by this Law. Before the start of the 2030-2031 academic year, the Ministry shall ensure the phased authorization of these general education institutions.

6. Legal entities of private law – general education institutions licensed before September 1, 2010, shall be granted the right to carry out general education activities as general education institutions/schools and receive funding provided for by this law before the start of the 2015–2016 academic year. The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall ensure the phased authorization of these general education institutions before the start of the 2015–2016 academic year.

6¹. The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall, by May 1, 2011, establish the stages of authorization of general educational institutions specified in paragraph 6 of this Article.

7. (Removed - 21.07.2010, No. (/ka/document/view/93094#) 3530)

8. (Removed - 28.11.2014, No. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;) 2822)

9. The results of the first elections of public school boards of trustees may be appealed to the Ministry.

Law of Georgia No. 2014 of October 28, 2005 - GOJ I, No. 47, 21.11.2005, Art. 314 (/ka/document/view/27268#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 4322 of March 9, 2011 – website, 22.03.2011. (/ka/document/view/1246950#)

Law of Georgia No. 5741 of March 2, 2012 - website, 05.03.2012. (/ka/document/view/1602735#)

Law of Georgia No. 3 87 of March 22, 2013 – website, 02.04.2013. (/ka/document/view/1880446#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28 , 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3819 of June 27, 2015 – website, 03.07.2015. (/ka/document/view/2891381#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 – website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 5746 of March 17, 2020 – website, 23.03.2020. (/ka/document/view/4810917#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 338 of March 16, 2021 – website, 18.03.2021. (/ka/document/view/5120148#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3959 of December 15, 2023 – Website, 25.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/6002206#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 60. Ensuring compliance of educational programs with general education levels

The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall ensure that all general educational institutions begin teaching in accordance with the National Curriculum before the start of the 2006-2007 academic year.

Article 60¹. Measures to be implemented before the enactment of the National Curriculum for the 2011–2012 academic year

The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall be tasked with gradually implementing the necessary measures to assign monthly grades to textbooks corresponding to the national curriculum determined according to the subject groups provided for in Article 5, Paragraph 3 of this Law .

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Article 61. (removed)

Law of Georgia No. 4412 of March 2, 2007 - JSC I, No. 8, 23.03.2007, Art. 76 (/ka/document/view/23476#)

Law of Georgia No. 497 of November 18, 2008 – GAZet I, No. 33, 01.12.2008, Art. 211 (/ka/document/view/1057887#)

Law of Georgia No. 1385 of July 11, 2009 - GAZet I, No. 18, 23.07.2009, Art. 85 (/ka/document/view/89434#)

Law of Georgia No. 4042 of December 15, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 76, 27.12.2010, Art. 491 (/ka/document/view/1160240#)

Law of Georgia No. 5741 of March 2, 2012 - website, 05.03.2012. (/ka/document/view/1602735#)

Law of Georgia No. 6448 of June 12, 2012 – website, 25.06.2012. (/ka/document/view/1684114#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28 , 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 61.1. (removed)

Law of Georgia No. 2940 of April 20, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 23, 04.05.2010, Art. 122 (/ka/document/view/92068#)

Law of Georgia No. 6013 of April 10, 2012 – website, 20.04.2012. (/ka/document/view/1639010#)

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28 , 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 61². Transition from teacher certification to a teacher professional development and career advancement scheme

1. The results of the teacher certification exam conducted by the end of 2014 should be taken into account in the teacher's professional development and career advancement scheme.

2. The requirements for teacher education established by Article 21³ of this Law shall be considered satisfied:

a) Teachers working before January 1, 2015;

b) A person certified before January 1, 2015.

3. The teacher/person specified in paragraph 2 of this Article is entitled to begin working as a teacher. By the end of 2023, a person with a bachelor's degree or an equivalent academic degree who, within 2 years of starting work as a teacher, must complete a teacher training educational program or a distance learning course of a teacher training educational program is also entitled to begin working as a teacher.

4. A person who, by the beginning of the 2018–2019 academic year, is teaching in a general education institution and is not included in the teacher's professional development and career advancement scheme, shall be considered a teacher candidate.

5. A person who, based on paragraph 3 of this article, is employed in a general education institution as of January 1, 2024, is entitled to register as a teacher candidate.

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 4583 of November 27, 2015 - website, 10.12.2015. (/ka/document/view/3074416#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 - website, 10.08.2018. (/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of May 29, 2024 - website, 13.06.2024. (/ka/document/view/6178490#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 61³. Transition to the Special Teacher Professional Development and Career Advancement Scheme

1. Special educators/special teachers, psychologists and inclusive education coordinators employed in a general education institution before August 10, 2018, who do not meet the requirements for special teacher education established by paragraph 3 of Article 21³ of this Law, shall be considered practicing special teachers.

2. A practicing special education teacher is required to pass the special education teacher exam specified by Georgian legislation by January 1, 2026, in order to confirm their competence.

3. A person who, as a result of completing an integrated bachelor's-master's educational program or a master's educational program for teacher training, has been awarded a Master of Education or an equivalent academic degree (with an indication of the right to teach the subject/subjects of the corresponding level of general education), has the right to be employed as a practicing special teacher and to pass the special teacher exam specified by the legislation of Georgia within 2 years from the start of work in the specified position, no later than January 1, 2026.

4. A person who has the right to teach according to a document confirming higher education or at least a bachelor's degree in psychology or an academic degree in occupational therapy has the right to be employed as a practicing special teacher and pass the special teacher exam specified by the legislation of Georgia within 2 years from the start of work in the specified position, no later than January 1, 2026.

Law of Georgia No. 3243 of July 20, 2018 - website, 10.08.2018. (/ka/document/view/4268082#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 1141 of December 15, 2021 - Website, 24.12.2021. (/ka/document/view/5308218#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 2250 of December 1, 2022 - Website, 14.12.2022. (/ka/document/view/5625220#DOCUMENT:1;)

Law of Georgia No. 158 of December 13, 2024 - Website, 30.12.2024. (/ka/document/view/6327297#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 62. Financing of general educational institutions

1. In accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 22 of this Law, the transition to financing from the central budget of general education shall be implemented in stages, no later than the 2007-2008 academic year. Until now, financing of general education has been carried out by local government bodies. In cities that are not part of any district, as well as where there are no local government bodies, financing of general education institutions is carried out by local self-government bodies. The state is obliged to compensate for the difference between the financing allocated by the local government/self-government body and the financial norm calculated per student.

2. In accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 22 of this Law, prior to the transition to financing from the central budget of general education, representatives of local government/self-government bodies shall have the right to cast a decisive vote in the Board of Trustees.

3. Paragraph 2 of Article 21 of this Law shall come into force no later than the beginning of the 2005-2006 academic year.

[Article 62¹. Measures to be taken regarding changes in the duration of the basic level of general education and the duration of the secondary level]

1. The change in the duration of the basic level of general education will also apply to students who will be in grade IX in the 2024-2025 academic year.

2. Students whose student status was suspended in the 10th grade of general secondary education, including the 2024-2025 academic year, and who will have this status restored from the 2025-2026 academic year, will continue their studies in the 11th grade of general secondary education.

3. Students who fail to meet the achievement level set by the National Curriculum for Grade 10 of secondary general education in the 2024-2025 academic year will continue their studies in Grade 11 of secondary general education from the 2025-2026 academic year.

4. An educational institution that implements a secondary vocational education program that integrates the learning outcomes of the secondary level of general education is authorized to complete the studies of vocational students enrolled in a secondary vocational education program that integrates the learning outcomes of the 3-year secondary level of general education based on the admission of vocational students announced before July 1, 2025, and to grant the qualification provided for in this program. In this case, the issued document certifying secondary vocational education - a diploma - is equated with the document certifying complete general education.

5. An educational institution implementing a secondary vocational education program that integrates the learning outcomes of the secondary level of general education is not authorized to announce the admission of vocational students to the secondary vocational education program provided for in paragraph 4 of this article after July 1, 2025. **(Shall enter into force on July 1, 2025)]**

Law of Georgia No. 4372 of July 18, 2024 - website, 30.07.2024. (/ka/document/view/6227469#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 63. Transition to 12-year general education

1. The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia shall ensure a gradual transition to 12-year general education starting from the 2006-2007 academic year.

2. The 12-year general education program will not apply to students in the 11th grade at the beginning of the 2006-2007 school year.

3. (Removed – 25.11.2011, No. 5349 (/ka/document/view/1522233#)).

4. (Removed – 25.11.2011, No. 5349 (/ka/document/view/1522233#)).

Law of Georgia No. 5349 of November 25, 2011 - website, 06.12.2011. (/ka/document/view/1522233#)

Article 63¹. Recognition of general education received in the occupied territories of Georgia

General education obtained in the occupied territories of Georgia is recognized according to the rules established by the Minister.

Law of Georgia No. 790 of December 19, 2008 - Official Gazette I, No. 40, 29.12.2008, Art. 257 (/ka/document/view/19636#)

Law of Georgia No. 3025 of July 5, 2018 - website, 11.07.2018. (/ka/document/view/4249959#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 632. ^{Disposal} of public school property transferred by the state on the territory of the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia

The right provided for in paragraph 2 of Article 50 of this Law shall be granted to the Ministry of Education of the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia after the creation of appropriate conditions on the territory of the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia.

Law of Georgia No. 2671 of February 26, 2010 - GCM I, No. 10, 16.03.2010, Art. 36 (/ka/document/view/91558#)

Article 63 ³. Exception regarding the age of commencement of studies at the primary level of general education in the 2014-2015 academic year

In the 2014-2015 academic year, those persons who will turn 6 years old by January 1, 2015 or who are studying in a preparatory class/department for the beginning of the primary level of general education in the 2013-2014 academic year and who will be over 5 years old by the start of the 2014-2015 academic year are also entitled to begin studies at the primary level of general education.

Law of Georgia No. 3442 of July 16, 2010 - Official Gazette I, No. 44, 28.07.2010, Art. 273 (/ka/document/view/92920#)

Law of Georgia No. 2210 of April 4, 2014 - website, 14.04.2014. (/ka/document/view/2313632#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 63 ⁴. Admission of students to a vocational educational program

A general education institution that is implementing vocational educational activities as of September 1, 2010 is authorized to implement the aforementioned educational activities by students enrolled in a vocational educational program until the completion of this educational program. It is not permitted for a general education institution to admit students to a vocational educational program after September 1, 2010.

Law of Georgia No. 3530 of July 21, 2010 - GAZet I, No. 47, 05.08.2010, Art. 302 (/ka/document/view/93094#)

Article 63 ⁵. Recognition of documents confirming general education issued by unlicensed educational institutions of the Georgian Apostolic Autocephalous Orthodox Church before September 1, 2010

The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia and the Patriarchate of Georgia shall, by January 1, 2015, ensure the compilation of a list of unlicensed educational institutions of the Georgian Apostolic Autocephalous Orthodox Church, whose documents certifying general education issued before September 1, 2010 are recognized by the state under Georgian legislation.

Law of Georgia No. 2822 of November 28, 2014 - website, 15.12.2014. (/ka/document/view/2601513#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 63 ⁶. Recognition in Georgia of a general education program recognized abroad

1. The document certifying general education issued before the start of the 2017-2018 academic year as a result of completing a general education program recognized abroad implemented in Georgia, the recognition of which the National Center for the Development of Educational Quality will sign an agreement with the authorized institution of a foreign country after January 1, 2017, is equated with the document certifying general education.

2. Education received by a person before the start of the 2017-2018 academic year within the framework of a general education program recognized abroad implemented in Georgia, for which the National Center for the Development of Educational Quality will sign an agreement with an authorized foreign institution implementing the recognition after January 1, 2017.

Law of Georgia No. 102 of December 16, 2016 - website, 05.01.2017. (/ka/document/view/3509592#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 63 ⁷. Requirements for the custodian of an educational institution

1. The provisions of Article 48, Paragraph 3 of this Law shall not apply to a person appointed as a principal of an educational institution before September 15, 2018.

2. The guardian of an educational institution provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article shall be a capable citizen of Georgia with no criminal record, who has reached the age of 20, has a complete general education, knows the state language, has the appropriate health condition to perform official duties, and has completed preparatory courses approved by the order of the Minister of Education and Science of Georgia, which, along with other components of education, take into account the regularities of the age-related development of the pupil/student, as well as the professional obligations and values of the guardian of an educational institution.

Law of Georgia No. 2523 of June 13, 2018 - website, 29.06.2018. (/ka/document/view/4229920#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 63 ⁸. Exemption from the obligation to pass school leaving exams for those persons who have not obtained a document confirming complete general education

1. Those individuals who have completed the secondary level of general education before the start of the 2018-2019 academic year and who have not participated in school graduation exams will be issued a state document confirming complete general education - a certificate.

2. Those individuals who, before the start of the 2018-2019 academic year, completed the secondary level of general education and participated in the school graduation exams, but did not receive a positive assessment in the subjects required to obtain a certificate confirming complete general education, will be issued a state document confirming complete general education, a certificate.

Law of Georgia No. 4495 of April 8, 2019 – website, 11.04.2019. (/ka/document/view/4530427#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 63 ⁹. Extension of the authorization period for general educational institutions

The authorization period for authorized general education institutions in accordance with the General Education Institution Authorization Standards, effective from January 1, 2023, will be set at 9 years from the date of authorization.

Law of Georgia No. 3959 of December 15, 2023 – Website, 25.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/6002206#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 63 ¹⁰. Exceptions related to the age of starting studies at the primary level of general education in the 2024-2025 academic year

In the 2024-2025 academic year, the age for starting studies at the primary level of general education is 6 years, which a person will complete by the date of the start of the academic year specified in paragraph 1 of Article 7 ¹ of this Law. In addition, a person who completes 6 years of age from the day following the start of the academic year until December 1 has the right to voluntarily begin studies at the primary level of general education upon the decision of the parent.

Law of Georgia No. 3959 of December 15, 2023 – Website, 25.12.2023. (/ka/document/view/6002206#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 63 ¹¹. Public school teacher's severance pay for 2024

1. The vacation pay of a public school teacher who is/will be on vacation for 2024 from July 1, 2024, shall be determined from the average salary for the 3 months preceding the month of this vacation, and if the time worked by him/her since the start of work or the last vacation is less than 3 months – from the average salary for the month/months worked (for the purpose of determining the vacation pay, the salary for April, May and June 2024 shall be calculated in accordance with the “Minimum Amount and Conditions of Salary for Public School Teachers” in effect as of July 1, 2024).

2. If the vacation pay determined in accordance with the procedure established by paragraph 1 of this Article is less than the amount that a public school teacher would receive based on the vacation pay calculated in accordance with the “Minimum Amount and Conditions of Labor Remuneration for Public School Teachers” in effect as of June 30, 2024, the vacation pay shall be determined in accordance with the “Minimum Amount and Conditions of Labor Remuneration for Public School Teachers” in effect as of June 30, 2024.

Law of Georgia No. 4204 of May 29, 2024 – website, 13.06.2024. (/ka/document/view/6178490#DOCUMENT:1;)

Article 64. Entry into force of the law

This law shall enter into force upon publication.

President of Georgia

M. Saakashvili

Tbilisi,

April 8, 2005.

No. 1330–I

109. 13/12/2024 - Law of Georgia - 158-IMS-XIMP - Website, 30/12/2024 (/ka/document/view/6327297)
108. 12/12/2024 - Law of Georgia - 83-IMS-XIMP - Website, 28/12/2024 (/ka/document/view/6366279)
107. 17/09/2024 - Law of Georgia - 4445-XVIMS-XMP - Website, 03/10/2024 (/ka/document/view/6283034)
106. 18/07/2024 - Law of Georgia - 4372-XVrs-XMP - Website, 30/07/2024 (/ka/document/view/6227469)
105. 29/05/2024 - Law of Georgia - 4204-XIVMS-XMP - Website, 13/06/2024 (/ka/document/view/6178490)
104. 15/12/2023 - Law of Georgia - 3996-XIIIMS-XMP - Website, 26/12/2023 (/ka/document/view/6001353)
103. 15/12/2023 - Law of Georgia - 3959-XIIIMS-XMP - Website, 25/12/2023 (/ka/document/view/6002206)
102. 30/11/2023 - Law of Georgia - 3825-XIIIMS-XMP - Website, 15/12/2023 (/ka/document/view/5983226)
101. 15/11/2023 - Law of Georgia - 3664-XIIIMS-XMP - Website, 05/12/2023 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/5965254)
100. 15/11/2023 - Law of Georgia - 3663-XIIIMS-XMP - Website, 05/12/2023 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/5965473)
99. 21/09/2023 - Law of Georgia - 3524-XIIIMS-XMP - Website, 12/10/2023 (/ka/document/view/5877434)
98. 03/05/2023 - Law of Georgia - 2854-XIMs-XMP - Website, 11/05/2023 (/ka/document/view/5796435)
97. 30/11/2022 - Law of Georgia - 2218-IXMS-XMP - Website, 15/12/2022 (/ka/document/view/5624610)
96. 01/12/2022 - Law of Georgia - 2250-IXMS-XMP - Website, 14/12/2022 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/5625220)
95. 02/11/2022 - Law of Georgia - 1979-IXMS-XMP - Website, 14/11/2022 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/5601569)
94. 14/04/2022 - Law of Georgia - 1513-VIIIMS-XMP - Website, 19/04/2022 (/ka/document/view/5438531)
93. 30/03/2022 - Law of Georgia - 1465-VIIIMS-XMP - Website, 06/04/2022 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/5421376)
92. 01/02/2022 - Law of Georgia - 1353-VIIIMS-XMP - Website, 08/02/2022 (/ka/document/view/5325464)
91. 15/12/2021 - Law of Georgia - 1141-VIMS-XMP - Website, 24/12/2021 (/ka/document/view/5308218)
90. 27/04/2021 - Law of Georgia - 463-IVMS-XMP - Website, 04/05/2021 (/ka/document/view/5157010)
89. 30/03/2021 - Law of Georgia - 417-IVMS-XMP - Website, 13/04/2021 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/5136776)
88. 16/03/2021 - Law of Georgia - 338-IVMS-XMP - Website, 18/03/2021 (/ka/document/view/5120148)
87. 15/07/2020 - Law of Georgia - 6905-RS - Website, 28/07/2020 (/ka/document/view/4917262)
86. 14/07/2020 - Law of Georgia - 6829-RS - Website, 28/07/2020 (/ka/document/view/4911348)
85. 12/06/2020 - Law of Georgia - 6286-II - Website, 15/06/2020 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/4890677)
84. 21/05/2020 - Law of Georgia - 5918-SSS - Website, 25/05/2020 (/ka/document/view/4873790)
83. 17/03/2020 - Law of Georgia - 5777-II - Website, 23/03/2020 (/ka/document/view/4796211)
82. 17/03/2020 - Law of Georgia - 5755-II - Website, 23/03/2020 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/4784317)
81. 17/03/2020 - Law of Georgia - 5746-II - Website, 23/03/2020 (/ka/document/view/4810917)
80. 29/11/2019 - Law of Georgia - 5406-I - Website, 10/12/2019 (/ka/document/view/4706009)
79. 20/09/2019 - Law of Georgia - 5018-I - Website, 27/09/2019 (/ka/document/view/4602522)

78. 19/04/2019 - Law of Georgia - 4524-II - Website, 24/04/2019 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/4539328)
77. 08/04/2019 - Law of Georgia - 4495-RS - Website, 11/04/2019 (/ka/document/view/4530427)
76. 20/09/2018 - Law of Georgia - 3443-I - Website, 09/10/2018 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/4330820)
75. 20/09/2018 - Law of Georgia - 3439-I - Website, 05/10/2018 (/ka/document/view/4328737)
74. 20/07/2018 - Law of Georgia - 3243-RS - Website, 10/08/2018 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/4268082)
73. 29/06/2018 - Law of Georgia - 2753-II - Website, 19/07/2018 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/4254838)
72. 05/07/2018 - Law of Georgia - 3025-RS - Website, 11/07/2018 (/ka/document/view/4249959)
71. 13/06/2018 - Law of Georgia - 2523-II - Website, 29/06/2018 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/4229920)
70. 06/06/2018 - Law of Georgia - 2479-RS - Website, 21/06/2018 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/4223754)
69. 07/12/2017 - Law of Georgia - 1631-RS - Website, 14/12/2017 (/ka/document/view/3883397)
68. 26/07/2017 - Law of Georgia - 1227-RS - Website, 28/07/2017 (/ka/document/view/3753791)
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62. 08/06/2016 - Law of Georgia - 5367-II - Website, 24/06/2016 (/ka/document/view/3309668)
61. 10/06/2016 - Law of Georgia - 5420-II - Website, 17/06/2016 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/3309589)
60. 19/02/2016 - Law of Georgia - 4785-II - Website, 07/03/2016 (/ka/document/view/3204187)
59. 11/12/2015 - Law of Georgia - 4619-I - Website, 22/12/2015 (/ka/document/view/3101093)
58. 27/11/2015 - Law of Georgia - 4583-I - Website, 10/12/2015 (/ka/document/view/3074416)
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55. 20/03/2015 - Law of Georgia - 3372-II - Website, 31/03/2015 (/ka/document/view/2785228)
54. 19/02/2015 - Law of Georgia - 3091-II - Website, 26/02/2015 (/ka/document/view/2739164)
53. 28/11/2014 - Law of Georgia - 2822-I - Website, 15/12/2014 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/2601513)
52. 12/09/2014 - Decision of the Constitutional Court - 2/3/540 - Website, 29/09/2014 (/ka/document/view/2519949)
51. 04/04/2014 - Law of Georgia - 2210-II - Website, 14/04/2014 (/ka/document/view/2313632)
50. 06/08/2013 - Law of Georgia - 918-RS - Website, 20/08/2013 (/ka/document/view/1987212)
49. 22/03/2013 - Law of Georgia - 387-IIs - Website, 02/04/2013 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/1880446)
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46. 12/06/2012 - Law of Georgia - 6448-RS - Website, 25/06/2012 (/ka/document/view/1684114)

45. 25/05/2012 - Law of Georgia - 6328-I - Website, 12/06/2012 (/ka/document/view/1672389)
44. 25/05/2012 - Law of Georgia - 6301-I - Website, 12/06/2012 (/ka/document/view/1671993)
43. 05/06/2012 - Law of Georgia - 6428-I - Website, 05/06/2012 (/ka/document/view/1667922)
42. 10/04/2012 - Law of Georgia - 6013-I - Website, 20/04/2012 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/1639010)
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39. 20/12/2011 - Law of Georgia - 5513-RS - Website, 111228083, 28/12/2011 (/ka/document/view/1541606)
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28. 22/02/2011 - Law of Georgia - 4204-I - Website, 110310029, 10/03/2011 - The amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/1232873)
27. 15/12/2010 - Law of Georgia - 4042-RS - SSM, 76, 29/12/2010 (/ka/document/view/1160240)
26. 15/12/2010 - Law of Georgia - 4044-RS - GK, 75, 27/12/2010 (/ka/document/view/1155471)
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23. 21/07/2010 - Law of Georgia - 3530 - GCC, 47, 05/08/2010 - Amendment contains a transitional provision (/ka/document/view/93094)
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